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Nehru-Liaquat Plan To Ensure Punjab's Peace

Concentration Camps For Armed Bands: "Shoot-At-Sight" Order Promulgated

NEW DELHI, September 7. (A.P.I.): Drastic action to put down the disturbances in the Punjab is announced in a joint statement issued this evening by the Prime Ministers of India and Pakistan, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan.

Over 100,000 copies of this statement in Gurmukhi and Urdu, are being dropped by air in the affected areas.

ACTION AGAINST ARMED BANDS

Appeal for speedy restoration of peace and order, the two Prime Ministers say that all the powers of Government will be used in full force against law-breakers. In particular, armed bands will be captured and put into concentration camps and all bands caught in the act of committing crimes will be shot at sight. The two Governments will also see that their orders in this respect are fully carried out by their Officials.

HELP TO REFUGEES.

Both Governments have decided to take the most urgent steps to look after the refugees. Refugee camps will be protected by military guards in whom they have confidence; Muslim refugee camps will be protected by Muslim troops and non-Muslim refugee camps by non-Muslim troops. The same policy will be followed in the matter of escorts.

The statement adds that both Governments have taken upon themselves the duty to feed the refugees and to provide them with the necessities of life. Refugee Commissioners have been appointed and a complete organisation is being rapidly set up for this purpose by each Government.

ILLEGAL SEIZURE OF PROPERTY.

The two Prime Ministers emphasize that illegal seizure of property will not be recognised and both Governments will take steps to look after the property of refugees and to restore it to its rightful owners. Each Government is appointing a custodian of refugee property. Both Governments are also determined to devote all their energies to the task of restoring peaceful conditions and protecting the lives, honour and property of the people. They are determined to rid the Punjab of the present nightmare and make it once again the peaceful and happy land that it was.

Emphasing that the present disturbances are resulting in incalculable injury to both West and East Punjab and to all who live there, the statement says, the Punjab was peaceful and prosperous only a short while ago. It is now witnessing a scene of horror and destruction. Men have become worse than beasts. They have murdered their fellow-beings with savage brutality and have spared neither women nor children. They have burnt houses and looted property. Even people fleeting in terror have been butchered.

The two Prime Ministers point out that no possible gain can come from it to any community. In this, Sikhs, Muslims and Hindus in the Punjab have all suffered terribly.

DUTY OF MAJORITY COMMUNITY.

The statement goes on: The Ministers and leaders of the two Dominions, as well as those of West and East Punjab, have declared their firm intention to put down crime. Further, they have declared that it is the sacred duty of the majority community in each area to safeguard and protect the minorities there. This duty is not only a moral duty enjoined by all religions but is essentially in the interests of the State. Hindu, Sikh and Muslim leaders have all, in persuance of this, appealed to their coreligionists to refrain from violence and disorder and to end immediately the uncertainty that is ruining the Punjab. They have declared that they are determined to leave no stone unturned to ensure that law and order are restored quickly and all people can live in security.

Nehru Rescues Girls

NEW DELHI, Stpt. 8. (A. P. I.): The Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru rescued two young girls from the riot-affected areas of old Delhi today.

The incident happened when the Premier visited old Delhi this afternoon.

SHOOT-TO-KILL ORDER IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, Sep. 8 (API).—Delhi has been declared a dangerously disturbed area, and the police and armed forces have been instructed that when they shoot they must shoot to kill.

Under notification issued by the Government of India, the Punjab Public Safety Act and the Punjab Disturbed Areas Act have been applied to the Province of Delhi and the whole of the Delhi Province has been declared a dangerously disturbed area. The order permits the infliction of death penalties for certain offences like attempting to murder, abduction, kidnapping, arson, dacoity, looting, etc. The effect of this notification would be that the local authorities will have wide powers of dealing with the emergency. They will be able to arrest persons without warrant and keep them in detention, restrict their movement and requisition vehicles and animals and exercise certain other powers of control over essential commodities such as newspapers, dissemination of news and other incidental matters. Any magistrate or officer of the police not below the rank of an assistant sub-inspector and any officer of the Military or Air Force will be able to use force to disperse any unlawful assembly without the presence of a Magistrate.

PLYING OF JEEPS PROHIBITED

By an order issued under Section 144, the District Magistrate of Delhi has prohibited plying of jeeps in Delhi City and New Delhi except under a permit and has also prohibited the carrying of lathis or any other weapon except kirpans not exceeding nine inches in size. The latter, that is kirpans, must be carried sheathed and must not be displayed openly

Instructions have been issued to the police and armed forces that when they shoot at law breakers they must shoot to kill and not merely to disable them. Certain other organisational changes have also been made to ensure greater effectiveness of the police force. An Additional Superintendent of Police has been appointed for New Delhi area and a Chief of Police with complete operational control over the police force has been appointed for the entire province. Additional reinforcements of military have also reached Delhi and more are on the way.

(SEE PAGE 5).

Sardar's Appeal To Delhi Public

NEW DELHI, Sept. 8 (API).—In an appeal issued this afternoon, the Home Minister Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel recalls the appeal he made yesterday inviting the co-operation of members of the Police Force and Civil Administration and of the general public in meeting effectively and impartially the present emergency in Delhi.

STOP PRESS

CHINESE GOVT. TROOPS IN SHANTUNG

SHANGHAI, Sept. 8 (Reuter) Chinese Government troops were tonight reported to have made an unopposed 25-mile thrust into the East China Shantung Peninsula from Maomi. 35 miles Norh-West of Tsingtao.

PAKISTAN GOVT S REPRESENTATION TO DELHI.

KARACHI, Sept. 8. (A.P.I.): The Pakistan Government has made a strong representation to the Government of Indian Union that due protection should be given to its diplomatic representative in Delhi. it is reliably learnt here.

JIMMY MEHTA ELIMINATED

NEW YORK, Sept. 8. (Reuter): Jimmy Mehta Indian Davis Cup player, was beaten by Bernard Bartzen of the United States 6/4, 6/4, 6/1 in the second ound of the Men's Singles when the United States Lawn Tennis Championships continued at Forest Hills here to-day.

Indian Union Flag In Fiji

People of Fiji celebrated India's Independence Day. Picture shows a procession moving along Victoria Parade in Suva headed by three horsemen carrying the Union Jack, the National Flag of India and the Chinese National Flag followed by standard bearers carrying flags of the United Nations.

BIHAR MINISTER IN AUTO ACCIDENT

"Serious Injuries"

PATNA, Sept. 8. (A.P.I): Mr. Krishna Ballabh Sahaya, Revenue Minister, Bihar was involved in a motor accident and sustained serious injuries this morning at Chitupalu Ghats near Ranchi

Mr. Sri Krishna Sinha, Prime Minister, Bihar, who was leaving for Ranchi by air, on hearing of the accident took Dr. Vijay Narain Singh, a surgeon from Patna with him to attend on Mr. K. B. Sahaya, who is stated to have received serious injuries on the head and chest.

MAHATMA ON WAY TO DELHI

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 8. (A.P.I): Mahatma Gandhi passed through Allahabad at 4-25 p.m. on his way to Delhi.

Soon after the train steamed in Mahatma Gandhi appeared at the window for a few second to give darshan to the awaiting crowd on the platform.

He looked weak and sullen.

GANDHIJI PASSES THROUGH CAWNPORE.

CAWNPORE, Sept. 8. (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi and party passed through Cawnpore to-night enroute to Dedhi.

For most of the time the train halted at Cawnpore station Mahatma Gandhi was found sitting closing his ears with his fingers.

A huge crowd of several thousands had collected at the station to see Mahatma Gandhi.

Mahatma Gandhi held his prayer in the train near Fatehpur. The train had to be stopped at several wayside stations between Allahabad and Cawnpore for the sake of huge crowds to have Mahatma Gandhi's 'darshan'.

Collections were made at Cawnpore station for the Harijan Fund.

AT PATNA.

PATNA, Sept. 8. (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi passed through Patna on his way to Delhi at 8-30 this morning. The Delhi Express, by which Mahatma Gandhi was travelling, was late by one hour.

Mr. Sri Krishna Sinha, Premier of Bihar, Dr. Syed Mahmud and Mr. Abdul Yayum Ansari, Ministers Mr. Shah Nawaz of the I.N.A. and Mr. Sarangdhar Sinha, Member of the Constituent Assembly, met Mahatma Gandhi.

Mahatma Gandhi had a fairly good sleep, though at times he was awakened by the bustling noise of crowds at stations. People eager to have the Mahatma's darshan included a large number of Muslims.

Mahatma Gandhi held his usual early morning prayers in the train.

U SAW'S TRIAL TO BEGIN NEXT WEEK

RANGOON, Sept. 8 (Reuter). It was officially announced today that U. Kyaw Myint, Rangoon High Court Judge, has been appointed President of the Special Tribunal which will try the ex-Premier U. Saw and other alleged to be involved in the assassination of U. Aung San and his fellow Ministers.

Members of the tribunal, are U. Si Bu, Sessions Judge of the Pyapon District, and U. Aung Tha Gyaw, Sessions Judge of the Bassein District.

It is now reported that the trial will begin next week.

ORISSA COMMITTEE FOR BOUNDARY COMMISSION

CUTTACK, Sept. 8 (UPI).—With a view to presenting Orissa's claim in case a Boundary Commission is appointed to determine the boundaries of the new provinces which may be created, the Orissa Congress Assembly Party has appointed a committee of six M.L.A.'s with Mr. Dinabandhu Sahu as convener.

This Committee will maintain close touch with Government in regard to collection of data.

TALKS ON KOREA POSTPONED

Sequel To Soviet Note To America

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (Reuter). The four-power meeting on Korea originally set for today had been "postponed" following receipt of the Soviet note on the subject, the United States State Department formally announced today.

The contents of the Russian note have not yet been published.

Reports were current here today that as a result of Russia's refusal to discuss the matter on a four-power basis, the United States would either "throw the whole problem into the lap of the United Nations"—presumably at the General Assembly opening next week, or set up a Provisional Korean Government in south Korea accepting Russia's continued occupation of the northern, mainly agricultural, area as an accomplished fact.

JEWISH POLICEMAN KILLED

Flurry Of Violence In Protest Against Landing Of Refugees In Germany

JERUSALEM, Sept. 8. (UPA): A Jewish rural policeman was killed today in a flurry of violence leading up to a two-hour strike of Jews throughout Palestine in protest against the landing of refugees in Germany.

The policeman was attacked at Tel Litvinsky, a British military camp near Lydda airport. The authorities attributed the attack to the Jewish underground. They said the underground had warned that it would not tolerate the Jewish Agency's recruiting of a rural police force from the ranks of Haganah, the moderate faction of the underground, to guard British military camps in Palestine.

A band of Jewish youths believed to be underground operatives attacked two Jewish guards at the Tel Aviv rail crossing on Sunday night and made off with their rifles.

Bombay Quiet

BOMBAY, September 8 (API).—No incident of any kind was reported in Bombay on Monday, it is officially announced tonight

1 MORE W. BENGAL MINISTER RESIGNS

CALCUTTA, Sept. 8 (API).—It is officially announced that Shri Nijunja Behari Maiti, Minister for Irrigation, Waterways, Works and Buildings in the West Bengal Government, has resigned, and his resignation has been accepted with effect from today by the Governor of West Bengal.

Mr. Maity's resignation was submitted last week. He had then stated that it was in pursuance of a resolution adopted recently at a meeting of Congress leaders and workers of Midnapore, his Home District. The resolution requested the Chief Minister not to make any change in the Ministry. Subsequent to that resolution, however, three Ministers resigned and two others were appointed to the Ministry.

7 KILLED IN CALCUTTA BUS ACCIDENT

CALCUTTA, Sept. 8. (API.) Seven persons were killed and a dozen others injurd in a bus-lorry collision on Dum-Dum-Jessore Road this evening.

In another traffic accident in Belgachia Road, six persons were injured. In this case a bus and a hackney carriage collided.

All the injured persons were admitted to hospital.

DUTCH ATTACK IN JAVA

Republicans' Strong Opposition On Way To Jogjakarta

BATAVIA, Sept. 8. (Reuter): Netherlands forces launched a large-scale attack on Friday in the area of Demak, 20 miles north-east of Semarang, north Central Java, delayed despatches from Jogjakarta, the Republican Capital, said to-day.

Republicans reported that five fighter planes supported the attack.

In Central Java, Dutch troops met violent Republican opposition, but captured Puring, a little coastal town south of Gombong on the main road to Jagjakarta from the west, the reports added.

The Indian Red Cross Mission in Jogjakarta completed its survey of the Republic's medical situation, and Dr. P. L. Nirula radioed the Red Cross in Singapore to arrange the return of the Mission's three doctors to India by air as soon as possible.

City Football Season Terminated

BOMBAY, Monday

The Managing Committee of the Western India Football Association to-day decided to terminate the football season at the Cooperage with immediate effect, due to the "unruly and callous behaviour of a large section of the crowd" at the time of the accident on Sunday.

MILLION WORKERS ON STRIKE

Rice Crop In Northern Italy Endangered

MILAN, Sept. 8. (Reuter): One million farm workers in the Po Valley, Northern Italy, went on strike early today demanding better working conditions.

It was believed that the whole rice crop in the valley would be endangered unless the dispute was quickly settled.

MYSORE RLY. STRIKE DECLARED ILLEGAL

BANGALORE, Sept. 8. (A.P.I.): The strike by the Mysore State Railway employees which began at midnight of September 6/7 has been declared illegal by the Mysore Government.

PEN-DOWN STRIKE IN CALCUTTA

1,500 Employees Of Imperial Bank Of India Involved

CALCUTTA, Sept. 8, (API.) About 1,500 employees of the Calcutta branches of the Imperial Bank of India went on a pen-down strike today, states the General Secretary of the Imperial Bank of India Indian Staff Association.

He adds that this follows the discontent among the employees at the ex-gratia payment made to officers and honorariuim granted to the wives of some of them who rendered service during the last strike.

Chiang's Plan To Crush Communists

NANKING, Sept. 8 (Reuter).—President Chiang Kai-Shek will call on Kuomintang (Government Party) members to take all possible measures to crush the "spreading rebellion of Chinese Communists" when he presides at the fourth session of the Kuomintang Central Executive to open tomorrow.

Communists who surrendered to the Government forces would be protected under rules reported to have been made by the Government under the National Mobilisation Act passed by the Executive Yuan.

They would be given liberty and full rights, it was added.

INDIAN TRADE DELEGATION HELD UP IN TOKYO

TOKYO, Sept. 8. (U.P.A.): The scheduled departure of the five-man Indian Trade Delegation was postponed several days when their plane was damaged while being loaded. The party will leave for India not later than Wednesday.

DEMAND FOR RESPONSIBLE GOVT. FOR EASTERN STATES

CUTTACK, Sept. 8 (UPI).—A resolution demanding full responsible Government in the Eastern States, was adopted at a meeting attended by about 20,000 people at Baramba, Mr. Surendranath Dvivedy, Socialist leader, presiding.

In a proclamation the Ruler of the Dhenkanal State says that he was in correspondence with Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel to whom he was referred by Gandhiji over the issue of introducing responsible Government in the State. State people also have wired to Sardar Patel in this connection.

Russia Votes Against Atomic Report

U.N.O. Committee Approves International Control Agency By Majority Vote

LAKE SUCCESS, Sept. 8, (Reuter): The main sections of the second report of the United Nations' Atomic Energy Commission were approved today by a majority of ten countries in the Commission's Political Committee.

Russia opposed all sections.

POLAND SIDES WITH RUSSIA

The vote of five of six main sections was 10 to 2 with Russia and Poland against.

On the sixth principal part of the report, Russia stood alone in opposition to the ten countries, and Poland abstained.

The Political Committee thus completed action on the broad proposals for setting up and operating an International Atomic Control Agency, a task at which the delegates have worked constantly since early in May.

The opposition of the Russian and Polish delegations was shown quickly when the first section was approved by 10 to 2 decision.

It was the first time the two delegates had formally voted against an atomic report.

JINNAH'S ADVICE TO MUSLIMS

Protect The Weak As Enjoined By Islam

KARACHI, Sept. 8. (A. P. I.): A press note issued from Government House tonight stated:

"Deputation of Pakistan Government servants, consisting of five members, saw the Quaid-e-Azam at 2-30 p.m. today.

"They represented all those whose families are entrapped in the East Punjab and Delhi, and said that several of these had lost their wives and children, and their property.

"The Quaid-e-Azam explained that the Pakistan Government and he were doing all that was humanly possible and expressed his deep sorrow in their suffering but advised them as he had already done that wherever the Muslims were in the majority they should not indulge in retaliation. On the contrary they should protect the weak as enjoined on them by Islam.

"He particularly impressed on the Pakistan areas, where the Muslims are in a majority, that they should maintain peace and law and order.

He added: "We are doing all we can to see that our Muslim minorities in Hindustan are protected and safeguarded. Discussions and communications are going on at a high level every day, and Lord Ismay, who has been deputed by the Governor-General of the India Dominion, is arriving in Karachi. I am informed that the Government of India Dominion are taking all possible measures to suppress the lawlessness that raised its head in Delhi, the very capital of the India Dominion."

"Finally," he said: "All this, of course, is poor consolation to those who have died or those whose property has been destroyed but I do hope that rigorous measures will be adopted by Delhi to put an end to this brutal and savage destruction without losing any time any more."

It is learnt that Lord Ismay will arrive in Karachi from Delhi tomorrow morning.

KRIPALANI LEAVES FOR DELHI

CALCUTTA, Sept. 9. (A.P.I.): The Congress President, Acharya J. B. Kripalani, left for Delhi by the Delhi Mail to-day.

Mr. Shanker Rao Deo, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee, who is also here, will leave for Cuttack to-morrow.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.

Previous Closing	31.31
Today's Opening	31.21
Difference	—10
Today's Closing	31.00
Difference	—31

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.

Stock Exchange Opening prices. Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted. General Motors 57-7/8 United States Steel Common 69 United States Steel Preference 145-5/8

Bureau Report

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.

Bureau report of cotton crop: 118, 49,000 bales.

A.-I. C. C. To Be Postponed?

BOMBAY, Monday.

Official Congress circles in Bombay today hinted at the possibility of the forthcoming session of the A. I. C. C. being postponed in case the disturbed conditions persist in New Delhi and other places.

Three-Hour Emergent Meeting Of Pakistan Cabinet

KARACHI, Sept. 8 (API).—An emergent meeting of the Pakistan Cabinet was held today at the residence of the Prime Minister, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan and discussed the situation in Delhi and East Punjab for three hours. It is reliably learnt that the Cabinet heard and discussed the report of Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar, Communication Minister, who returned today from Delhi where he had been to study the situation in the Indian Capital and its surrounding areas and ensure measures for the safety of the Muslim minorities there.

The Cabinet is also understood to have discussed the situation in East Punjab and considered at length various suggestions said to have been made by Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar to the Government of India yesterday to deal with the situation in the East Punjab.

The Cabinet will again meet tomorrow at Government House when Quad-e-Azam Mohammed Ali Jinnah is expected to preside.

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MAHARASHTRA XI FACES INNINGS DEFEAT

Amir Elahi Bags Three Wickets For Seven Runs

Maharashtra XI (First Innings) *128*
Rest of India XI (First Innings) *275*
Maharashtra XI (Second Innings) *for 6 wkts.* *44*

POONA, Sept. 8 (API).—Exhilarating batting by Gul Mahomed and Kishenchand, immaculate bowling by Shinde and three magnificent sixers one by C. S. Nayudu and two by Amir Elahi were the highlights of the pre-lunch period of the "Deodhar Festival" match when it entered its second day today.

The wicket having been covered overnight, played fewer tricks than were expected. The weather was warm and in bright sunshine Gul Mahomed and Kishenchand resumed the Rest of India's first innings. After they had added a quick 34 runs to the overnight score of 76, the Baroda left-hander stopped a straight one with his pads from Hazare and was adjudged lbw. The fifth wicket partnership realised 41 runs. (100-5-33).

Fazal Mahmood, who came next, was evidently uncomfortable against Shinde and threw away his wicket for an audacious stroke before he had opened his account.

FIRST SIX BY NAYUDU

Amply justifying the huge ovation he received, C. S. Nayudu magnificently lifted Shinde out of the grounds for the first six of the match, but hardly had the cheers died down when the Maharashtra googly bowler had his revenge stumped off him by Joshi (141-7-14).

Amir Elahi joined Kishenchand and started in his usual breezy style, twice lifting Shinde out of the ground to register his individual twenty runs in 8 minutes. Kishenchand and Amir vigorously punished the bowling, and the score mounted with such rapidity that the second hundred was completed in 88 minutes, their individual scores then being Kishenchand 42 and Amir Elahi 43. But when one run short of his individual half century Amir lifted Rege high in the country where Doctor brought off an easy catch. Amir Elahi occupied the crease for only 40 minutes for his forty-nine and hit two sixes and two fours. Irani joined Kishenchand and when the teams broke for lunch the Rest of India XI had scored 211 runs for the loss of eight wickets. Kishenchand batting 46, Irani batting 1.

SOLID BATTING BY KISHENCHAND.

Kishenchand, ably supported by Irani, batted solidly and completed his own half century in 130 minutes. He had only one boundary hit included in his score. Irani offered a straight bat to anything he received, but was unfortunate to be dismissed when 18. He played a ball from Rege but the ball taking spin came back and hit the wickets. The Kishenchand-Irani partnership realised 63 runs in 61 minutes.

Hazare and Sohoni operated with a new ball after resumption but it was left to Rege to terminate Irani's innings. Patwardhan, the last man in, did not stay long, being run out while attempting a risky run. Kishenchand batted faultlessly for a shade over three hours for his unbeaten 88 inclusive of three fours, and though inclined to be monotonous at times executed several delightful strokes all round the wicket. Rege was the most successful bowler claiming three wickets with eight runs apiece.

MAHARASHTRA'S SECOND INNINGS.

With a deficit of 147 runs, Maharashtra XI commenced their second innings with Rege and Joshi to the bowling of Phadkar and Fazal Mahmood. Fazal was bowling to a leg trap and eventually captured Joshi's wickets. Amir at fine leg accepting a low catch. Sohoni joined Rege and at tea they were still unseparated, the score being 13 for one wicket.

On resumption after tea Rege continued to hold the fort for a while, but the Rest of India bowlers, and particularly Amir Elahi, taking advantage of a waring wicket, successfully attacked the stumps. After the Rege-Sohoni partnership had added five runs, the former was smartly caught by Fazal Mahmood at second slip off C. S. Nayudu.

Amir Elahi, brought in place of Phadkar, had Paranjype leg before at 34 with a well flighted ball and in the same over lured Sohoni for a big hit in the country were Patwardhan, a local College player, brought off a brilliant running catch. Mankad relieved C. S. Nayudu after he had bowled one over and dismissed Gazali for zero when he stopped a straight one with his pads. S. D. Deodhar joined Rangnekar but was adjudged l.b.w. to Amir Elahi in the last over of the day. Amir had so far secured three wickets at the cost of only seven runs and Maharashtra still required 104 runs with four wickets intact, to avert an innings defeat.

SCORE BOARD

MAHARASHTRA XI (1st Innings) 128

REST OF INDIA (1st Innings)

Vinoo Mankad, b Shinde	22
P. Sen, b Sohoni	6
Adhikari, st. Doctor, b Rege	2
Phadkar, lbw., b Sohoni	9
Kishenchand (not out)	88
Gulmahomed, lbw b Hazare	33
Fazal Mahmood, b Shinde	0
C. S. Nayudu, st. Joshi, b Shinde	14
Amir Elahi, c Doctor, b Rege	49
Irani, b Rege	18
Patwardhan (run out)	0
Extras (Byes 26, Legbyes 7, No ball 1)	34
Total	275

FALL OF WICKETS: 1 for 16, 2 for 37, 3 for 43, 4 for 69, 5 for 110, 6 for 121, 7 for 141, 8 for 207, 9 for 270 and 10 for 275.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Hazare	25	1	79	1
Sohoni	15	3	31	2
Gazali	14	4	26	0
Shinde	26	5	80	3
Rege	8.7	1	25	3

MAHARASHTRA XI (2nd Innings)

M. R. Rege, c Fazal Mahmood, b Nayudu	17
P. G. Joshi, c Amir Elahi, b Fazal Mahmood	4
S. W. Sohoni, c Patwardhan, b Amir Elahi	12
M. N. Paranjpye, lbw Amir Elahi	1
K. M. Rangnekar (batting)	6
M. E. Z. Gazali, lbw Vinoo Mankad	0
S. D. Deodhar, lbw, Amir Elahi	2
D. B. Deodhar, V. S. Hazare and D. S. Doctor to bat.	
Extras	2
Total (for six wickets)	44

FALL OF WICKETS: One for 12, two for 27; three for 34; four for 35; five for 35; six for 44.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Phadkar	7	2	12	0
F. Mahmood	7	3	12	1
Amir Elahi	3.6	0	7	3
C. S. Nayudu	1	0	6	1
Vinoo Mankad	1	0	0	1
Kishenchand	1	0	5	0

CRICKET SELECTION COMMITTEE TO MEET ON WEDNESDAY

POONA, Sept. 8 (API).—The Selection Committee meeting to choose a player for the Indian Cricket team to tour Australia in place of V. M. Merchant, announced to be held in Poona today, has been postponed to Wednesday, September 10. The Committee will now meet in Bombay at the Taj Mahal Hotel at 3 p.m. on that day.

Public Reception For Deodhar

POONA, Sept. 8 (API).—A public reception will be accorded in Poona tomorrow to Prof. D. B. Deodhar, Maharashtra Veteran Cricketer, who retires from first class cricket in India at the end of the Deodhar Festival Match now being played in Poona. The function which is organised by the Maharashtra Cricket Association will be held in the Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya at 9 a.m.

New Cure For Whooping Cough

A new anti-biotic has been discovered by British research workers which, it is hoped, may prove a cure for whooping cough. Hitherto there has been no real cure for this complaint which causes more deaths among children than any other child's disease. The anti-biotic, which is called "Aerosporin", is stated to have been used on animals injected with the germ, and was found to be a great success. It is also claimed to have proved very efficient in the treatment of animals infected with typhoid fever.

* * *

High-Power Lighting For London Airport

Landing lights 500 times more powerful than any ground level lights previously used on runways are being installed along the whole length of the runway at London Airport. The new system is expected to be ready for use by the end of October. This lighting will be used in conjunction with radar blind approach aids which can lead a pilot to within 100 feet of the ground, at which height he should be able to "pick up" the lighting along the edge of the runway. It is hoped that visual landings will be possible at London Airport in conditions hitherto regarded as impossible.

* * *

A Radio Jubilee

"British Radio for the World" is the title of a booklet issued by the Radio Industry Council, London, to interest buyers overseas in the 15th National Radio Exhibition (or "Radiolympia") to be held from October 1 to 11. The booklet marks the jubilee of the British radio industry, the silver jubilee of broadcasting and the 10th anniversary of television transmissions in Britain. During the war the radio industry was trebled in size and British exports since the war have increased four-fold.

* * *

New Glider Announced

A new glider which will challenge the world's best machines in its class has been announced by a North England firm. Although this glider is still only in the prototype stage, preliminary flights have shown it to come up to all expectations. Its designer is so confident in its powers that he has offered the machine to the British Gliding Association for the next international competition.

* * *

Studio For Religous Films

A film studio said to be as fine as any in the world for the production of religious films on a non-commercial basis is being constructed at Elstree by the J. Arthur Rank Film Organisation. Equipment worth £70,000 has already been delivered. The studio will be available for any religious body of any denomination for making films from scripts of their own choice.

ZINC ORES IN INDIA

Industrial Uses

NEW DELHI.

The occurrences of zinc ores in India, and the possibilities of developing a zinc industry in this country are discussed in an article appearing in the May number of the "Journal of Scientific and Industrial Research". The article discusses the methods of beneficiation of the ore, metallurgy, industrial utilization and uses.

The principal deposits of zinc ores in India and Burma occur at Zawar in Udaipur State (Mewar), at Shigri and Sirmur in the Punjab, and in Mysore; and in the Tavoy district and at Baldwin in the Northern Shan States of Burma. There are no proved ore reserves in India; but it is estimated that the lead-zinc ore reserves of Zawar are of the order of 218.365 tons of over 6 per cent zinc and lead. The ore reserves of Baldwin mines, Burma, estimated in 1939 are about 3,607,945 tons averaging 13.8 per cent zinc. The total production of zinc concentrates in Burma during 1940 was 51,785 tons valued at Rs. 11,17,986.

Investigations conducted at the Government Oil Factory, Calicut, on the mode of distribution of vitamin A in shark livers are detailed in a research paper published in the same number. It has been observed that the top hepatic portions of the livers are somewhat richer in vitamin A than the tip portions, and the potencies of the middle portions vary irregularly.

Considerable interest has been shown during recent years in the possibility of fortifying foods such as edible oils, fats margarine and "Vanaspati", prepared flour and egg substitutes, with vitamin A or its provitamin, carotene. Although fish liver oils constitute the richest natural source of vitamin A, recent estimates have shown that they may not meet the entire needs of the country. Carotene on the other hand, is found widely distributed in nature, assures a total absence of fishy smell and taste, provides a golden yellow colour and, being derived solely from vegetable sources, carries a special advantage for fortifying certain types of foods.

PROCESS TO EXTRACT CAROTENE FROM LEAFY SOURCES

A process perfected in the laboratories of the Department of Chemical Technology, Bombay University, for the commercial manufacture of carotene and carotene concentrates, is described in the June issue of the "Journal." The article indicates the feasibility in India, of preparing carotene concentrates and of directly fortifying edible oils and fats from processed leafs.

The process briefly consists in blanching the green leafy material and then treating it with aqueous alkali under controlled conditions to render non-carotenoid pigments insoluble in fats and fat solvents. The digest is next washed, dried and the carotenoid pigments extracted with oil or fat solvents like petrol ether, and concentrated by distillation in presence of vegetable oils or edible fats. Blanched and alkali-hydrolysed plant tissues can be directly taken up by an edible oil or fat to give a vitaminized product. The residual leafy tissue, after extraction of carotene, has a high food value.

Another article of interest in the June issue deals with electrical resistance of black lead pencils. The control tests described in the article will enable a manufacturer to maintain a close check on the manufacturing processes in the pencil industry.

HINDUSTANI, INDIA'S NATIONAL LANGUAGE

Gandhiji Stresses Need For Popularising It

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Hindustani Prachar Sabha was held on Saturday in New Delhi, Babu Rajendra Prasad presiding. Mahatma Gandhi, who could not attend the meeting, sent a letter written in Hindustani to the Committee. A resolution on the lines of the letter was passed by the Committee. The following is the translation of the letter:

'India has been divided into two parts: Pakistan and Indian Union. Have our hearts also been divided into two parts? Some say, yes; some say, no. Therefore, the question arises that as there are two Governments there must be two National languages. This danger is there. There is a movement being carried on that the national language of the Indian Union should be Hindi in Devnagri script and of Pakistan Urdu in Urdu script.

If this is accepted in the two parts of India, then it will be proof that the hearts of the two parts are also different. What could be more distressing than this? It is the special duty of the Hindustani Prachar Sabha to prevent this pain. It is hoped that the members of the Hindustani Prachar Sabha and the missionaries of Hindustani will exert themselves to spread and popularize Hindustani written in both Nagri and Persian scripts, as the National language. There is no need to change the policy of the propaganda and examination of the Hindustani Prachar Sabha.

FORMULATION OF RUBBER PRICES IN INDIA

Dr. Mookerjee Calls For Import Policy "In Interests Of Country As A Whole"

NEW DELHI.

The formulation of a price and import policy for rubber acceptable to all the interests in the country will be the main task of the Indian Rubber Board, according to the Hon. Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerjee, Minister for Industries and Supplies, who opened the inaugural meeting of the Board to-day in New Delhi.

The Indian Rubber Board, which has elected Mr. A. V. Thomas of the Rubber Growers' Association of India as its permanent Chairman and Mr. T. W. U. Park of the Association of Planters of Travancore as its Vice-Chairman is a body constituted under the Rubber (Production and Marketing) Act, 1947. A note submitted to the Board describing the importance of the industry reveals that the rubber plantation industry, alone employs nearly 50,000 people and that the estimated value of rubber produced in 1945, according to prices fixed by the Government of India, was about Rs. 360 lacs. The immediate need of the industry is to make indigenous rubber available to the manufacturers at rates which are not uneconomic when compared with the world price of rubber. This could be secured, adds the note, by some measure of control of imports and exports and by the adoption of improved and scientific methods of rubber cultivation.

OVER PRODUCTION

Examining these points in his opening speech the Hon. Minister for Industries and Supplies indicated at the outset that the question of overproduction of rubber in the world need not now affect the Indian industry adversely. He said, "The problems confronting the Industry at present are different from those it had to face in the past. During the earlier periods of depression, India was an exporting country and practically, none of her rubber was consumed in the country. Even at the end of the first restriction period 1939, internal consumption had reached the moderate figure of 5,600 tons out of the estimated production of 16,500 tons, i.e. only almost a one-third of our production. It increased vastly, however, under the pressure of war-time demands and to-day India not only consumes all her present production, but needs small imports of rubber. Indeed, when rubber manufacturing enterprises now in the larger imports or larger production than exists to-day. The existing excess of supply over demand in the world and the emergence of synthetic rubber therefore, do not affect the Indian producing industry so seriously as would have been the case of India had continued to be an exporting country.

"One of the most important issues which will face this Board is, therefore, the question as to what prices should be maintained for Indian Rubber in the interests of both the producing and consuming sections of the Rubber Industry, and what level of imports should be permitted. Superficially there is a clash of interests here, between producer, manufacturer and consumer; but I venture to hope that with an understanding of each other's points of view, it will be possible for this Board, which represents all interests to formulate a price and import policy which the Government of India could adopt in the interests of the country as a whole.

Continuing he said, "You are all well aware that the average production per acre in India is very much below that of other countries and that after due allowance is made for climatic conditions, it cannot be gainsaid that this poor production is due to out-of-date methods adopted in growing rubber. The promotion of scientific and technological research and the application of the results of such research in the shape of technical advice for the guidance of the rubber grower, are matters in which this Board has a valuable role to play. These questions will undoubtedly receive great attention from you and lead to the progressive increase of yields and decrease in the costs of production in this country.

"The manufacturing industry is in a position to-day to build up valuable export markets for India. Rubber is one of the few raw materials of this country which are being put to good use both in the matter of employing skilled labour and capital and as regards the earning of valuable foreign currency which India needs for her economic development. It will be the duty of this Board to see that raw rubber becomes available to the manufacturer, in course of time, in adequate quantities and at reasonable prices.

NEED TO IMPROVE MARKETING

"The experience of the Supply Department to which the Department now in my charge is a successor, has also shown that in common with other agricultural products, rubber is a commodity that needs improvement in its marketing. Carelessness in the collection of raw rubber and in grading and baling are responsible for considerable losses to the grower in prices. While the improvement of yields to which I dealt with earlier is a matter of importance, the question of improvement of quality is one where immediate results can be secured by this Board."

ARMS HAUL NEAR BA MAW'S RESIDENCE

RANGOON, Sept. 8 (Reuter).—The Rangoon Police today announced the discovery of a quantity of arms and ammunition buried in the Banks of Rangoon's Royal Lake, near the residence of Dr. Ba Maw, former Premier of Burma, who was arrested last month during investigations into the assassination of seven Burmese Ministers' on July 19.

A police spokesman said 162 hand grenades, one Sten gun, two Sten gun magazine boxes and 350 Sten gun cartridges were unearthed.

Qureshi To Be Pakistan's Textile Commissioner

KARACHI, Sept. 8 (API).—Mr. J. D. Qureshi, Deputy Director, Textile Commissioner's Office (India) Bombay, is provisionally appointed to hold current charge of the duties of the Textile Commissioner, Government of Pakistan, Karachi.

Mr. E. Dixon, Assistant Coal Commissioner (Stores) in the office of the Coal Commissioner, India, Calcutta, is provisionally appointed to hold current charge of the duties of the Coal Commissioner, Government of Pakistan, Karachi.

Mr. Akbar Husain is appointed Secretary, Ministry of Law and Labour, Government of Pakistan.

THE SOAP STACKER'S reflex action is to seize all soap on sight and thus corner all supplies. Be a good citizen and buy only what you need of your

HAMAM & 501 SOAPS

THE TATA OIL MILLS COMPANY LIMITED.

Trust in your own Charms

Every woman blossoms in her natural colouring. To develop your individual beauty you must echo the natural glow of your complexion with the shades of make-up which you use.

Don Juan makes powder, rouge and lipstick in so many shades that any woman can pick a combination to blend imperceptibly with the healthy tints of her complexion.

Don Juan FOR NATURAL BEAUTY

Fazalbhoy Trading CO.,(Western India Agency)LTD.
30, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.

FFA 7

FOR perfect health, boundless energy and vitality, the bloodstream should be kept thoroughly cleansed. To ensure this, take Bile Beans regularly, just a couple at bedtime.

Being purely vegetable, Bile Beans gently but effectively clear the bowels of toxic food-wastes that cause sluggishness, indigestion and other ills. You can feel Bile Beans doing you good. They tone up the entire system, creating that perfect inner health which is the foundation of sparkling vitality and fitness.

To feel at your best always, take Bile Beans, the world's most popular tonic-laxative.

Take BILE BEANS for Inner Health

Agents: Messrs. KEMP & Co., LTD., P. O. Box 937, Bombay.

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HE WAS ALWAYS TIRED AND ILL

Three Complaints Gave Him A Miserable Time

NOW LIFE'S A JOY — KRUSCHEN THANKED

Suffering from three complaints—disordered kidneys, sciatica and rheumatism—how could this man be anything else but always tired and ill? Yet, he tells us in his letter, that in four weeks, Kruschen Salts brought about a "complete transformation." This is what he writes:—

"Up to a month or so ago, I had suffered continually from kidney disorder, sciatica, rheumatism, and generally felt off colour. I was constantly tired, and under medical supervision. I tried many remedies, but without effect until I gave Kruschen Salts a trial. In four weeks, Kruschen has brought about a complete transformation. I have a healthy appetite and once more feel that it is good to be alive,"—S. V. N.

The kidneys are the filters of the human machine. Their duty is to expel certain poisonous wastes from the system. If the kidneys become sluggish, these impurities find their way into the blood-stream, and the seed of half a dozen common ailments is sown.

The scientific combination of salts in Kruschen quickly coaxes the kidneys back to healthy, normal action. As an immediate result, the sufferer experiences relief from those dragging back pains. Soon your ailments vanish—life becomes a joy again.

Kruschen Salts is sold by all chemists and dealers, price Re. 1/10 per bottle.

MATINEE TODAY 1 P.M.
MANGAL'S Marathi Hit
JAI MALHAR
Starring:
LALITA PAWAR, SUMATI GUPTE, BABURAO PENDHARKAR
DRAWING RECORD CROWDS AT
MAJESTIC
Daily: 3-30 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
Plans open: 10 to 12, 5 to 6 p.m.
A 'JAIHIND' Release

RANJIT'S
BELA
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Today Matinee 1 p.m.
Advance Booking 10 to 12
MINERVA

TODAY MATINEE AT 1-15 P.M.
KEDAR SHARMA'S Musical Hit of all Seasons.
NEEL KAMAL
BEGUM PARA, RAJ KAPOOR
Running in 6th Week at
LAMINGTON
Today 1-15, 4, 6-45, 9-30
&
EDWARD
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30

TODAY MATINEE AT 1 P.M.
5th Week! A MUSICAL ROMANCE UNFORGETTABLE!
DO-DIL
A JAMUNA PRODUCTION
SURAIYA, MOTILAL, KARAN DIWAN
Songs: MADHOK
at
NEW WEST-END
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m
(Also See Independence Day Film)

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Shravan Vad 9, 2003
Muslim: Shaval 25 1366
Parsi: Farvardin 6, 1317
Sunrise: 6-25 a.m., Sunset 6-48 p.m.
Hightide: 06-55, 17-46
Lowtide: 13-08

Domestic Occurrence

SILVER WEDDING

MACKWAN-LAZARUS: Jacob Mackwan of "The Bombay Chronicle," to Sarah Manorama, daughter of the late Dr. and Mrs. Lazarus of Thana, by the Rev. R. B. Douglas, at Ambroli Church, Girgaon, Bombay, on September 22nd 1922. (Bless the Lord O my soul, and forget not all His benefits. Psalm 103:2).

Today's Engagements

BOMBAY SPIRITUAL CENTRE: Discourse in English by Mr. Dhanjisha A. Anklesaria, on "The Gita and the Gathas" at 5 p.m. today (Tuesday).

BOMBAY CHRISTIANS WELCOME JOINT ELECTORATES

The Bombay Representative Christian Council at its 36th annual session at Bombay on 4th Sept. 1947 adopted the following resolution.

This Council welcomes the action taken by the Constituent Assembly, with the full concurrence of the Indian Christian members on it, of doing away with the political segregation of Indian Christians by abolishing the vicious system of Separate Electorates.

DONATIONS TO ACWORTH LEPER HOME, BOMBAY.

The Hon. Secretary, Acworth Leper Home, Bombay, has issued the following:—

The following donations to the Home were received during the months of April, May and June 1947.

	Rs.
Seth Natwarlal Ranchhoddas	11-0-0
Mrs. N. C. Avari	51-0-0
Bai Cooverbai Khambatta ...	10-0-0
Mr. A. Xavier	10-0-0
Honorary Treasury	5-0-0
Mr. Sanmukhlal Chhotalal ..	50-0-0
Rs.	137-0-0
Collection from Charity boxes.	31-13-0
April 6-11-3; May 11-9-6 and June 12-8-9, meeting a total of Rs.	31-13-6.
Total Rs.	168-13-6

SHRI MAHAVIRA JAINA VIDYALAYA

Mr. Ratilal Vardhman Shah presiding at the thirty second annual general meeting of the members of Shri Mahavira Jaina Vidyalaya reiterated the sentiments of hearty co-operation and munificent help to facilitate the activities and to maintain progress of the Institution as expressed in the annual report. The report outlined in details the activities of the Institution which is a cynosure of the Jain community in India in the cause of higher education, with branches at Bombay, Ahmedabad and Poona. Different schemes of further expansion are at hand. After the adoption of the annual report and the budget the following were elected office bearers and members of the Managing Committee:—Mr. Motichand G. Kapadia, Hon. Secretary; Mr. Chandulal S. Modi, Hon. Secretary; Mr. Kakalbhai B. Vakil, Hon. Treasurer.

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

FOARECAST TILL THE MORNING OF SEPT. 10: Local showers will occur in the Konkanpatti. Scattered light showers are also possible in Guajrat, the Bombay Karnatak, Mawal, Desh, Khandesh and the Hyderabad State.

OUTLOOK FOR SUBSEQUENT 2 DAYS: Weak monsoon generally.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY—1 TUESDAY, Sept. 9.

244 m (1,231 kc/s) 7.30 a.m. Selected songs 7.40 News (M) 7.50 News (G) 8.0 News (E) 8.15 News (H) 8.30 Bimal Mukherjee Sitar par Todi 8.45 Petit Girls' Orphanage Party (G songs) 9.0 Purushottam Solankurkar (Lalit) 9.30 Krishna Udyavarkar 10.0 Close down 11-0 "Soubhadra": (Part 3) 12.0 p.m. Variety programme (G) 12.45 News (M) 12.50 News (G) 12.55 Swami Vallabhdas (Vocal) 1.25 News (H) 1.30 News (E) 1.40 Music 4.20 Petit Girls' Orphanage Party (G songs) 4.40 U. L. Shaih (Thumri aur Ghazal) 5.0 Azim Khan (Sitar par Puria) 5.15 Swami Vallabhdas (Vocal) 4.45 Topic of Day 5.55 Locals 6.0 News (E) 6.10 News (H) 6.15 Purushottam Solankurkar (Thumri) 6.30 Krishna Udyavarkar (Vocal) 7.0 Bimal Mukherjee (Sitar) 7.30 Purvichya kahi yojana: (by S V Kulkarni (M) 7.45 Film Music 8.0 News (M) 8.15 News (G) 8.30 Buddhi Dhanshak Mandal (Rupak in Gujarati: Written and produced by Adi Marzban: 9.0 News (E) 9.15 News (H) 9.30 B B C News 9.40 Programme Parade 9.45 Ayurvedic system: Talk by a Radio doctor 10.0 Dorab H Bhiwandiwalla Baritone 10.10 Berlin State Opera Orch. 10.15 Avie Bilimoria: Piano (Walzer op. 33 Brahms) 10.30 Dominic Vaz: Violin 10.45 Kanarese Protestant Choir.

ROXY
TODAY MORN. at 10 a.m.
DAVID O'SELZNICK'S
Screen Masterpiece
PRISONER OF ZENDA
RONALD COLMAN

SEE YOUR SELVES ON THE SCREEN!
You Celebrated the INDEPENDENCE DAY
You were Filmed with your Leaders.
See yourselves on the screen with
HIND PICTURES'
Director: NAZIR
MALIKA
Starring: SHOBHANA SAMARTH
To-day Matinee at 1 p.m Daily: 4, 6-45, 9-30
CAPITOL ★ KAMAL ★ BROADWAY

T. W. A. PLANE LEAVES FOR NEW YORK

BOMBAY, Monday.

The TWA plane left Santa Cruz aerodrome this morning for New York with a full compliment of passengers for different destinations.

The passengers included among others Sir Ardeshir Dalal, Mr. R. H. Schuette, Manager Volkart Bros. Bombay, Mr. C. B Marshall, General Manager, Standard Vacuum Oil Co. Bombay, Dr. Linga Raj, Director of Public Health, Government of Mysore Brigadier Mcneill and Mr. S. M. Dahanukar.

Sir Ardeshir Dalal and Mr. Schuette left for Geneva and Mr. Marshall for New York.

Prize Essays On Cow Protection

The Secretary, Dalmia Jain Charity Trust writes:—

"As approved by its Chairman Seth Ramkrishna Dalmia, the Dalmia Jain Charity Trust has on behalf of Govadh Nivarak Sangh announced awarding 42 cash prizes to the writers of the best essays on Cow Protecton. 20 sets of first and second prizes of Rs. 300/- and Rs. 200/- respectively will be awarded to the twenty universities of Agra, Allahabad, Andhra, Annamiaal, Benares Hindu, Bombay, Calcutta, Dacca, Delhi, Lucknow, Madras, Mysore, Nagpur, Patna, Punjab, Rajputana, Sind, Saugor, Travancore and Utkul.

The competition will be open to all "BONAFIDE" students of the Universities and will be conducted under the guidance of professors to be empowered by the Vice-Chancellor concerned. The best sets of essays selected finally by the Vice-Chancellor from among those of a University will be awarded the first and second prizes. Each Vice-Chancellor will thereafter send five essays to Dalmia Jain Charity Trust and out of the hundred essay so received the Board of Examiners, appointed by the Trustees, will select two best essays. The first among these two will be awarded the cash prize of Rs. 5000/ and the second Rs. 2500/-. A copy of the detailed scheme can be had from the Secretary, Dalmia Jain Charity Trust, Dalmia Jain Nivas, New Delhi."

Home For Sind Refugees In Udaipur

The Shree Bhupal Cooperative Society, Limited, has been formed in Udaipur, with a view to providing refugees from Sind with a home and facilities for business and industrial pursuits. The Maharajah of Udaipur has allotted suitable sites for housing and they can be secured through the cooperative society. Land water and power are promised by the State at cheap rates for industrial development Prominent Sindhis are associated with the cooperative society about which further information can be had either from the head office at Udaipur or the branch office in Bombay, located at the Comonwealth Assurance Co., 9 Ismail Bldg., Fort.

"Manavan"

"Manavan" is a brightly got-up Tamil weekly from Rayavaram, Pudukottah State. The three issues we have received provide interesting reading. A cover picture in colours, political articles, a short story, cinema news and views with interesting illustrations on almost every page —these are among the delightful features of this weekly paper. We wish the venture all success.

TELEPHONE ADVISORY COMMITTEES FOR IMPORTANT CITIES

Telephone Advisory Committees are shortly to be formed at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Ahmedabad, Lucknow, Cawnpore, Delhi and Amritsar. These bodies will consist of a Chairman, a Secretary and three members The Chairman and the Secretary will be officials of the Posts and Telegraphs Department and the three members will represent the Provincial Government and the various trade and other interests.

It is expected that these Advisory Committees will help to foster better relationship between the Posts and Telegraphs Department and the public, and will ensure that all their grievances are properly represented and attended to. So long as the shortage of equipment continues, the Committees will advise the Department on the opening of new connections on a fair and equitable basis by assessing the merits and the claims of individual applications and the comparative importance of the applicants' activities. The Advisory Committees will be kept fully informed of the action being taken by the Department to improve telephone service and their advice will be sought for effecting improvements.

SRI KRISHNA SABHA

The Sabha proposes to celebrate Sri Gokulashtami between the 9th and 15th inst., at Ram Baug, Laxmi Narayan Road, Matunga. Sapthaham programme of Sri Bhagavata Parayanam is arranged. Every day there will be discourses in various languages on different religious subjects. An entertainment programme of vocal music, Garba Dance, Harikathakalasshepam etc., is being organised.

Daily programme consists of 8-30 a.m. to 11-30 a.m. Bhagwataparayanam; 7-30 p.m. to 8-30 p.m. Discourses and 8-30 p.m. to 10-30 p.m. Entertainments.

Today's programme: 7-30 p.m. lecture by Mr. K. M. Jhaveri and afterwards music by Mrs. Kausalya Majiswar and Miss Nalini Padukone.

Gokul Ashtami celebrations in City.

BR. TANK REGIMENT LEAVING INDIA

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9: The 7th Royal Tank Regiment sails from Bombay today. Though it only arrived in India in January last, it has associations with the Indian Army which are of much earlier origin. It was in action many times with the famous 4th Indian Division in Lord Wavell's victorious campaign against the Italians in North Africa. It also saw action in France and Germany during 1944 and 1945.

During June and July they were actively employed in the maintenance and restoration of Law and Orded in the Punjab.

HOME GUARDS FOR SUBURBS

Vile Parle Centre Opened

(From Our Correspondent.)

VILE PARLE, Sept. 8.

A Home Guard Centre with a nucleus of 125 members was inaugurated at Vile Parle before a large gathering of citizens at the Goklibai High School grounds this morning. Lt-Col. Gajendragadkar, the Commandant of the Home Guards in Greater Bombay, attended the function with Mr. Manekji and other officers and a contingent of the City Guards. On arrival at the school, Mr. Gajendragadkar inspected the guard of honour provided by the City Home Guards and took the salute. He then unfurled the National Flag to the tune of "Jhenda Uncha Rahe Hamara" sung by the school girls. The newly-enrolled Home Guards were then introduced to him and he spoke to them individually.

Later, the party proceeded to the school hall where a large and cosmopolitan gathering was present to welcome the guests. Mr. Jugmonan Kapadia presided. After an introductory speech by Mr. Chiman Desai regarding the formation of the Home Guards in Vile Parle, Lt-Col. Gajendragadkar addressed the meeting. The speaker expressed his gratification at the enthusiasm shown by the local people in organising a Home Guards for the town. The country, continued the speaker, had now attained independence but it was necessary to maintain it against internal disorders and external aggression. The professional army, by the very reason of its small strength compared to the vastness of the country, was unable to give them protection in times of emergency and their Home Guards were expected to fill in this gap. Mr. Gajendragadkar said that Gandhiji had done the greatest service to humanity in drawing out their women not only from the kitchen to the drawing room but right in the streets. The result has been that they are now in the vanguard of the national movement and if their menfolk showed any nervousness to defend their homes and those of their neighbours, they would force them to do so. He hoped that the Vile Parle Home Guards would increase their strength in sufficient numbers so that they may be able to give protection to the town in times of emergency.

The President, Mr. Kapadia in winding up the proceedings thanked Mr. Gajenndragadkar and his colleagues for giving them every encouragement in the organisation of the Home Guards. He expressed the hope that the public spirit shown by their young men in joining the Home Guards would sustain them for a long time.

Exhibition Of Paintings At Khar

(From Our Correspondent.)

KHAR, Sept. 8.

An exhibition of pictures drawn by Mr. Harshad Pandya and organised by the local Tankar Mandal was declared open by Mr. V. S. Adurkar, Director of the Bombay School of Arts, at the Luxminagar Pavilion, Khar, yesterday morning before a large gathering. Mr. Adurkar said that Mr. Pandya started life in a small village in Rajpipla State and then went to Ahmedabad to seek the assistance of Pandit Raval. There he improved his technique and became known in Gujerat as a landscape artist. Mr. Pandya was the recipient of several gold and silver medals both in Bombay and elsewhere. Mr. Adurkar congratulated Mr. Pandya on his work of art at such an young age and commended his example to his younger friends.

Dr. D. G Vyas spoke in appreciative terms of the work of the young artist who had entered into the very spirit of art for art's sake.

CITY HINDUS CELEBRATE JANMASHTAMI

BOMBAY, Monday.

Gokul Ashtami, the birthday of Lord Krishna was celebrated with unprecedented enthusiasm to-day.

To-day's Govinda processions were some of the gayest seen in recent years.

One such procession wending its way through Phanaswadi and taken out by the Maharashtrians of that locality evoked loud applause from onlookers.

The processionists carried with them a huge vehicle with effigies of a judge seated in the centre with a group of pot-bellied black-marketeers all around him, guarded by a vigilant posse of policemen, the simple theme in carricature symbolising the pronouncement by Justice, the much delayed doom of the black-market.

The processionists also carried with the placards and vociferously shouted slogans like "Kala Bazar Nasht Kara", i.e. "Distroy the Black Market", etc.

SELECTIONS FOR GOVERNOR'S CUP DAY.

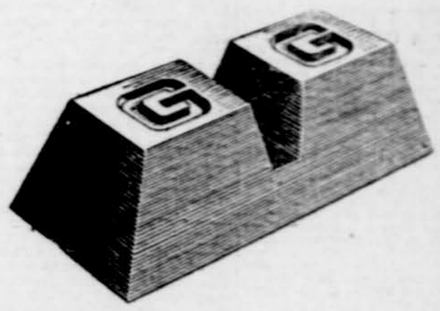
GIPSY MOON GREATLY FANCIED

Alijah And Full Houses Likely To Score

(By Our Racing Correspondent)

Eleven Indian-bred horses from combined classes Two and Three have accepted for the Governor's Cup to-day at Poona. Gipsy Moon, a recent winner, is greatly fancied for the feature. Alijah and Full House are likely to score in their respective events.

The following are my selections:—
1st race: Padshah Begum 1. Loch Maiden 2.
2nd race: Queen of Gwalior 1. Begum Chitor 2.
3rd race: Brilliant Sunshine 1. Daisy Tripper 2.
4th race: Snehprabha 1. Prime Minister 2.
5th race: Gipsy Moon 1. Once Again 2, if absent Pay Master.
6th race: Alijah 1. Flying Home 2.
7th race: Lady Cleopatra 1. Indra Mohini 2.
8th race: Full House 1. Princess Padma 2.
Choice Treble: Gipsy Moon, Alijah and Full House.
Dark Flukes: Sohni and Du Barry.



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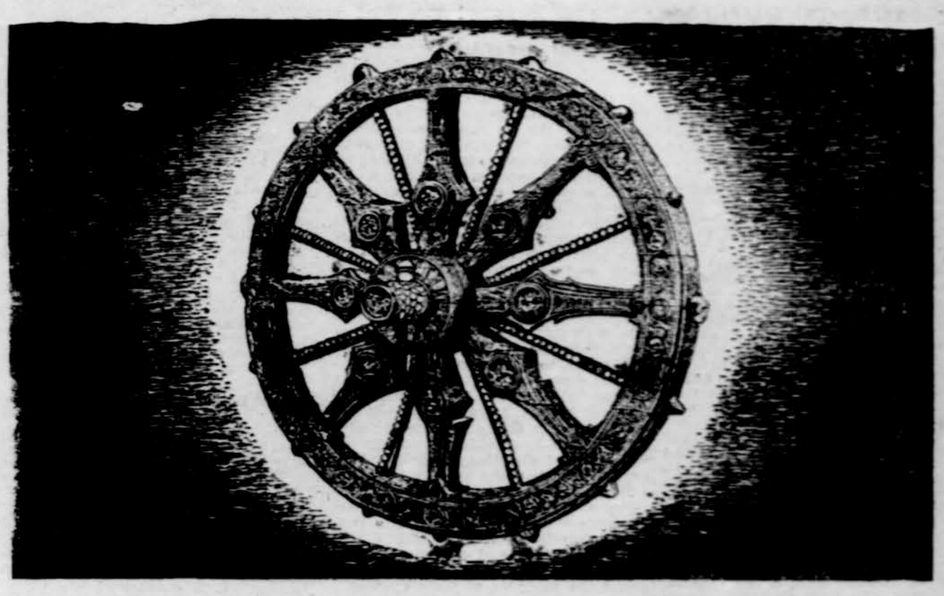


THE discovery of the wheel will rank for all times as one of the most important inventions of the human genius. The cart, the horse-carriage, the steam locomotive and the automobile, all milestones in human progress, would have been impossible but for this invention. Without it could the material blessings of civilisation be so universal? Yet from the war-chariots of the ancients to the terrible weapons of to-day, guns, tanks, armoured cars, man has also made the wheel an instrument of conflict and destruction. Whether we use our heritage and resources for good or for evil depends on us. That is the lesson.

Similarly it is upto us to make of our surplus money a good friend instead of a deadly foe. Spent recklessly or invested unwisely it increases prices still more and causes untold suffering and hardship. Money saved, on the other hand, remains a valuable asset—wisely invested it can help build India and this will mean prosperity for you and for the nation.

Goods continue to be in short supply and prices are high. Buy only what you must and help bring prices down. Invest your money wisely in Insurance, Co-operative Societies, Savings Bank Accounts, Post Office Savings Bank Accounts, National Savings Certificates and Government Loans.

Avoid unsafe and speculative investments like land, buildings, bullion, jewellery, commodities and manufactured goods. Their present prices are high and likely to fall in the future.

Check runaway prices

DON'T SPEND NEEDLESSLY

ISSUED BY FINANCE DEPARTMENT, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, NEW DELHI

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Sept. 8 (API.) Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from 1st June 1947 and departure from normal, recorded at 08-00 hours I.S.T. on 8th Sept. 1947:—

Ahmedabad 85 77 0.1 20.9 minus 3.5
Ahmednagar 84 68 0 12.4 minus 1.3
Allahabad 86 75 0 29.5 minus 0.8
BOMBAY 86 79 T 49.2 minus 10.5
Calcutta 92 82 0 51.2 plus 10.8
Delhi 96 80 0 5.2 minus 13.6 Hyderabad (Dn.) 87 70 T 21.0 plus 3.3 Indore 77 70 0.1 33.8 plus 7.1 Karachi Nil Lahore Nil Lucknow 79 77 0.3 37.8 plus 6.9
Madras 76—8.2 minus 3.1 Mahableshwar 64 61 0.7 173.9 minus 59.8 Mysore 80 68 0 7.8 minus 2.5 Patna 85 77 0 34.0 minus 0.2 Poona 81 71 T 16.6 plus 0.9
Sholapur 90 69 0 21.0 plus 6.0 Simla 66 59 0.1 20.5 minus 21.5 Shrinagar Nil.

WEATHER SUMMARY

Following is the daily weather summary for Monday, the 8th September, 1947:—

The Gwalior depression has weakened further and is moving northeastwards. Rainfall has been widespread in Malabar, East Rajputana, the United Provinces, Bihar, East and North Bengal and Assam and local in Central India, Chota Nagpur, the Central Provinces and Mysore. A few showers have also occurred in the rest of the Peninsula and Gujarat.

Forecast until the 9th evening: evening: Rainfall will be widespread in Malabar and over the region from the United Provinces to Assam and and local in Mysore, South-East Madras, the Konkan, East Gujarat, South-East Rajputana, West Central India and the North Central Provinces. A few showers are also likely in Orissa and the rest of the Peninsula.

Heavy rainfall warning: Locally heavy rain will continue in South-East Bengal and occur along and near the submontane region from the United Provinces to Assam during the next 48 hours.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

"No one can fix on me what is ugly, nor can I be angry with my kinsman, nor hate him. For we are made for co-operation, like feet, like hands, like eyelids, like the rows of the upper and lower teeth. To act against one another then is contrary to nature."

Marcus Aurelius.

The Bombay Chronicle

MISSION TO PUNJAB

We are very glad to welcome Chaudhry Khaliquzzaman's statement paying a tribute to Mahatma Gandhi and appealing to Muslims in the Punjab to do their utmost to help Gandhiji in the mission of peace that he is about to undertake. As the leader of the Muslim League party in the Indian Constituent Assembly says, "Mahatma Gandhi is making history by upholding his ideals of peace against odds and it is the duty of every one to do his bit to make his mission a success". Gandhiji evoked response from Calcutta immediately because the circumstances were favourable. They are not, in certain respects, so favourable in the Punjab. That hapless province is still in the grip of madness. Deep bitterness and anger dominate the life of the entire people, Hindus, Muslims and Sikhs; and those evils would not be easily conquered. It is a far harder mission in the Punjab than it was in Calcutta. But success, though it may take time and make great calls on Mahatma Gandhi's unique qualities, is almost certain in the Punjab. He enjoys, as India's supreme leader and as father of the nation, the confidence and respect of the "majority", that is, Hindus and Sikhs. And, of course, the East Punjab Government, as also the Centre and the Emergency Cabinet Committee, will co-operate with, and serve him, loyally. We hope he will also receive the co-operation of Muslims, as he did in Calcutta through the active and faithful support of Mr. Suhrawardy and his mission in the Punjab will also succeed in its three-fold aspect: to help, relieve and rehabilitate refugees, to ensure the protection and security of the minority and to bring back peace and amity.

For a long time Gandhiji has been the victim of prejudices and propaganda. His motives and his love and sympathy for Muslims as such, and as a "minority" are being realised now. There is acknowledgment of "his ideals of peace" and of the "history" he is making. There is the salute to him by Mr. Suhrawardy and by the eminent League paper of Calcutta, "Morning News", which very justly said that in Calcutta, Gandhiji was willing to give his life in order to save the lives of its Muslim inhabitants. All this entitles him to a similar recognition in West Punjab, where it should take the form of active, utmost and unreservedly loyal assistance by the popular leaders of the majority community and the Government.

A Useful Suggestion

The draft of the proposed international agreement on freedom of information, which an American newspaper Publisher has prepared at the request of the U. S. State Department, lays down basic suggestions, which should commend themselves to all who are interested in promoting the freedom of information as an extremely important means of ensuring peace and extending democracy in the world. It would guarantee the rights of Press, radio and film correspondent to move freely in foreign countries and to send despatches without censorship "except as may be directed for reasons of national military security". Moreover, these rights are subject to "domestic laws concerning the publication of libel, slander or obscene material". Abuse by any party of the international agreement is also sought to be controlled through the establishment of an over all International Commission composed of representative correspondents or executives of information agencies designated by their respective Governments to administer the agreement. So far as India is concerned it will welcome some such International Agreement and Commission. For, India believes that the future of peace and democracy is vitally dependent far more on freedom than on suppression of information.

Frankly Speaking

Banking Ordinance In W. Punjab

The run on banks in Karachi and in some other centres in Pakistan was, it is now clear, due to misconceptions in the minds of the public about the provisions of the West Punjab Ordinance about freezing bank assets. The Ordinance is only an enabling emergency measure empowering the Government to prohibit local banks from removing their assets without the permission of the Government. It does not prevent depositors from withdrawing their deposits or transferring them anywhere inside or outside Western Punjab. Secondly, no restriction orders have yet been issued by Government in accordance with the Ordinance and the public is assured that such orders will not be issued except when it is found necessary to do so to safeguard the interests of the depositors themselves. One wishes that these provisions were clearly explained to the public along with the publication of the Ordinance. Indeed, it is not yet quite clear whether or not it is open to a bank to transfer a deposit out of Western Punjab on the depositors' demand. It is a normal duty of the bank to do so and restrictions thereon will be a disservice to the bank as well as the depositor. And in view of the assurance that depositors' interests would be fully safeguarded, we trust there will be no such restrictive orders preventing banks from transferring deposits outside Western Punjab on the depositor's demand.

Workers' Interests

It is too late in the day now for the General Council of the All-India Trade Union Congress to deplore the creation of the National Trade Union Congress as "an act of disruption among the workers' ranks." So long as a considerable section of the workers desire a policy materially differing from that of the A.I.T.U.S. a new institution is inevitable. But it is yet possible for the two bodies to co-operate with each other so far as possible; and if national interests are scrupulously placed in the fore-front it may not be long before the two bodies can merge into one another. The A.I.T.U.C. has no ground to complain that the Constituent Assembly has failed to safeguard the fundamental rights of the workers. Many of these rights have been included in the Constituent Assembly's resolution on the subject and a few are included in the non-justiciable list together with general directions of policy. It is understood that the policy indicated will be followed in legislative measures, Central and Provincial, in accordance with circumstances of a particular province or time. Representatives of workers and peasants in the Legislatures may be trusted to safeguard the interests of their electors.

The Cooperage Accident

Great sympathy will be felt for the victims of Sunday's disaster at the Cooperage, when a temporary stand collapsed suddenly during the Soccer match in the Rover's Cup tournament. It involved a thousand spectators. More than one hundred of them, including women and children, were injured, some seriously, of whom one has so far died. It is the biggest accident of its kind in the history of sports in Bombay. But the question is how and why it occurred at all? The stand that collapsed had been temporarily put up. Was enough care given to its possible capacity and strength? The tragedy calls for a strict inquiry into the whole affair. Bombay Soccer authorities owe it to the public.

BOMBAY ASSEMBLY SESSION TO LAST 6 WEEKS

POONA, Sept. 8 (API).—The Monsoon session of the Bombay Legislative Assembly, which meets here on Wednesday next, September 10, is expected to last over six weeks.

Members of the Assembly will take a new oath of allegiance to the Constitution of the country on the opening day before the actual business of the House begins.

The Bombay Legislative Council is expected to begin its sitting in the first week of October when a new President of the Council in place of Mr. Mangaldas Pakwasa, now Governor of the Central Provinces and Berar, will be elected.

EGYPT AND THE SUDAN

By W. N. EWER

There has been in the presentation of the Egyptian case to the Security Council a certain shrill unreality which betrays its origin. What could be more unreal, for example, than Nokrashy Pasha's fervent declaration that the withdrawal of British troops from the Canal Zone cannot be the subject of negotiation —that there can be no negotiation while foreign troops are on Egyptian soil? It may be splendid rhetoric. But it is only rhetoric. For, a few months ago, an Egyptian Government negotiated and the Egyptian Parliament (Nokrashy Pasha himself included) approved a new Treaty, providing for the withdrawal of those troops.

What could be more unreal than the suggestion that the existing Treaty of 1936 was an infringement of Egyptian sovereignty? For that Treaty was signed, not only willingly but enthusiastically, by Nokrashy Pasha himself, and by all the leaders of all the present Egyptian Parties.

Reality Behind Policy

Behind the Egyptian oratory at Lake Success there is indeed a reality. It is a reality not of Anglo-Egyptian relations but of Egyptian politics. This Government of Nokrashy Pasha is socially the most progressive that Egypt has had. It has honestly, if a little cautiously, tried to carry through a programme of long overdue social and economic reforms. And it has incurred by that the bitter hostility of the privileged classes in a country in which the extremes of wealth and of desperate poverty are beyond the realisation of those who not seen them.

Egyptian privilege, alarmed by even Nokrashy Pasha's moderate programme, has taken the obvious course. Open opposition is difficult. So it has adopted the device of appealing—in an always excitable country—to nationalist feelings; of distracting attention from domestic grievances by heated denunciation of a non-existent British domination. The opposition leaders do not want a settlement. They want a grievance. They want a continued state of affairs in which they can persuade the Egyptian peasant masses to think of anything except their own exploitation by the wealthy landowners and merchants and financiers of Cairo and Alexandria.

Driven To Rhetoric

And Nokrashy Pasha, tragically for Egypt, has decided to compete with his opponents. Let Mahas Pasha and Makram Pasha shout as loudly as they choose against "British Imperialism", he will shout as loudly lest they accuse him of lack of patriotism. Agarhetoric; for there is no case that inst his own judgment he has appealed to the Security Council. And in the Council he has been driven to can be quietly argued.

Let the fact be repeated. The British Government had not only agreed —though in International Law it had no need to do so—to a revision of the 1936 Treaty. It had not only agreed to complete withdrawal of its troops, even from the Suez Canal zone. It negotiated a new Treaty, settling all the outstanding questions to the satisfaction of the Egyptian Government and the Egyptian Parliament. And that new Treaty would be in force today, but for the fantastic, last-minute claim of the Egyptian Government—under pressure from the Opposition—with regard to the future of the Sudan.

Position Of The Sudan

That claim is that the Sudanese people, when they are ready for self-government, shall not be free to choose for themselves whether to be united with Egypt or to be independent. The Egyptian claim is that, whatever the wishes of the Sudanese, they shall irrevocably and perpetually remain under the rule of the King of Egypt. It is a claim which the British Government, responsible for the Sudan, and engaged in preparnig the Sudanese for self-government, could not conceivably accept. It is a claim which the Egyptian delegation dare not defend in the Council. Hence the attempt to obscure the issue by rhetoric.

Swept away by a torrent of its own making, the Egyptian Government now demands that the Council shall direct the ending of the present administrative system in the Sudan, and the immediate incorporation of that country in the Kingdom of Egypt—to which it has never belonged save for an unhappy and rebellious half-a-century, ending in a savage and successful revolt.

Standard Of Living

It is demanding the ending of a regime which has, in 50 years, converted a country of famine and disease and armed conflict into a peaceful and, by African standards, highly prosperous community.

The Sudan, rescued from barbarism and slavery, compares today, for the mass of the people, more than favourably with Egypt itself. The standard of living of the Sudanese peasantry under their British administrators is higher than that of Egyptian fellaheen; it could hardly be lower. In the cities of the Sudan, the death rate is under 14 per 1,000—a little above that for Britain. In the cities of Egypt it is 29.5. In the Sudanese cities the infant mortality rate is under 80 per 1,000 births. In the Egyptian cities it is nearly 200. In 1944, there were 11,509 cases of smallpox in Egypt. In the Sudan there were none.

And those significant figures can be paralleled with a score of others. The fact may be galling to Egyptian pride. But it is, nevertheless, a fact. The Sudan under British administration has become, in 50 years, a healthier and more prosperous country than Egypt. And gradually, as education develops, the Sudanese themselves are playing a part in their own Government. The Sudanese are taken even in the highest grades of posts formerly held by foreigners. That process is being accelerated year by year. The policy is definite The British administration is temporary and in the spirit of trusteeship; its aim is to prepare the way, as rapidly as possible, for self-government and in the meantime to set a pattern and a standard which the Sudanese will be proud to make their own.

It is this administration which—according to the Egyptian Government—should be abruptly and immediately "terminated," though what Egypt would or could put in its place is discreetly left in rhetorical obscurity as "the unity of the Nile Valley."

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Scholarships In Schools And Colleges

Sir,—It is quite obvious that scholarships are meant to help and encourage the poor, but intelligent students in schools and colleges. It is needless to say that the scholarship amount given to a scholar should be able to meet his or her expenses on classbooks and tuition fees. The prices of books and tuition fees have shot up and logically the scholarship amount must also rise up relatively.

All the private educational institutions have raised their tuition fees so that a scholarship holder has to pay more money than he gets as scholarship.

It is beyond all doubt that the spreading of education is one of the chief aims of our Congress Government. Therefore it is the humble appeal of the student world that the present scholarship amount should at least be doubled by the Government.—Yours ets.

A LOVER OF EDUCATION

The World-Wide Correspondence League

Sir,—The World-Wide Correspondence League, of which I am the hon. secretary, has a number of members with wide interests anxious to write to and to receive letters from people resident in India and Pakistan. The League is non-religious, non-political and non-commercial. Its object is to promote cultural relations between peoples of all countries, to develop friendship and to practise charity and goodwill. It is maintained by voluntary subscriptions. Those interested are asked to send a stamped addressed envelope to S. R. S. Pascoe, hon. secretary, W-W Corr. League 49 Gragton Street, Dubblin, Eire.—Yours, etc.,

S. R. S. Pascol
Hon. Secy., W-W. Corr League.,
49, Grafton Street,
DUBLIN, EIRE,
Aug. 24.

Backward Classes And Federal Services

Sir,—It is announced that in the Federal Services, preference and reservation will be given to the Scheduled Classes. I beg to enquire of our popular Government if they have forgotten the Backward Classes as Lamanis, Talwars, Vaddars, Korwars, etc. etc. They are the classes which are likely to come up, but not without help. Perhaps we are made to understand that the Government is going to include the Backward Classes in the Scheduled Classes and call it by one name? Whatever it is I hope that the first flush of Freedom has not made the Popular Government forget that the Backward Classes need its help and understanding and can pull on only with the help of the Popular Government of India.—Yours, etc.,

B G. LAMANI.
Dharwar.

Silence Zones

Sir,—Lately there has been so much talk about bettering our living conditions, building better homes, better Bombay and Greater Bombay. But I do not find any schemes being brought forward to alleviate noise in Bombay.

On Lamington Road there are for instance three cinema houses, perhaps a half-dozen restaurants. The cinemas normally hold three shows daily, and the noise of the traffic after each show gives over is terrific, particularly as at all three cinemahouses, the shows give over at the same time. Moreover, all three houses have a frontage leading out on to Lamington Road, so the noise is something fearsome. One does not mind so much for the just two shows, but it is the night show which gives over at 12 p.m. which is so irksome. It is impossible for the inhabitants of buildings adjoining, in front of and in the neighbourhood of these cinema houses to get even a wink of sleep until past 12 p.m. every night.

I think this could be remedied, by having only one cinema-house frontage on Lamington Road. The Imperial Cinema should have its main entrance in the side street adjoining Lamington Road proper. West End Cinema should face its main entrance for traffic in Parekh Street. Thus by diverting the traffic away from Lamington Road it may be possible to avoid the congestion of human crowds and the noise of jam packed traffic.

Another grievance against these same cinema houses, is with regard to the putting up of new posters for next change films. The work of erecting by carpenters and prop-men is always undertaken at night, with the result that on those nights, it is impossible to sleep at all, with the knocking and hammering and the shouting going on.

There should also be some definite steps taken by the right party concerned, to prevent the playing of radios blaringly at night in restaurants. Usually these vocal programmes at night go on uptil 11 p.m., with the radio switched on at its loudest, facing the road, irrespective of any consideration for people living in the neighbourhood.

If we are to better our living conditions, why not adopt the right civic sense, and first get rid of noise which is so undermining to health and happiness.

Why not enforce "Silence Zones" at certain hours on these busy and noisy thoroughfares? Why not introduce some code as regards playing of radios and gramophones upto certain hours only, in restaurants? Why not make it a rule that cinema-posters should not be erected at night?

Let Independence usher in an era of sound civic sense.—Yours, etc.

(Miss) USHA D. N. DESAI
B.E. (Civil)

"Indian Literatures Of To-Day"

Sir,—The able review written by Mr. Sanjana on the above book is very thought-provoking, indeed. His views on Sanskrit as a living and spoken language must appeal to all reasonable men. He is right in saying that "by no stretch of imagination" it "can be called a vernacular." It is time that its protagonists should adopt an attitude which may not be based on mere sentiment. So far as Urdu is concerned his remarks are quite just, since it is he only language which can be called the "joint heritage of the Hindus and Musalmans". "I agree with him that so far as the international character of the English language goes, even Urdu, "flexible and beautiful" as it is, cannot take its place at least for a number of years to come. But Urdu possesses all the requisites necessary for becoming a "secular and neutral speech." The English language, however, has come to stay in this country like Persian and it will be wise on our part to recognise this truth.

I congratulate Mr. Sanjana for writing such a bold and thorough review and for having the courage of calling a spade a spade.—Yours, etc.,

Bombay, Sept. 2. Z. A. BARNI.

Problems Of Refugees

Sir,—The problem of Hyderabad refugees has become serious during recent days. The people are flocking the border tracts at Bezwada and other places. The problem is not so much political as it is humanitarian. It is a pity that poor people who have nothing else in the word but their small huts possibly one or two goats and some earthen pots are seen to leave them off and go practically without anything which they can call their own to places away from their homes in search of security, protection, and care. It is necessary that all these people should be protected and adequate help be given to them. Relief centres which are here and there started must be strengthened and proper reliefs organised as otherwise masses of our people are bound to face starvation misery and death.—Yours, etc.

N. C. N. ACHARYA.
Bombay, Sept. 2 '47.

Memorial To Mahatma

Sir,—When Mahatmaji's life mission is over and when the majority, if not all, of us can proudly call ourselves to be worthy of his years of teaching and practice, that will be the fitting moment for perpetuating his memory, and if the people then think that it can take no better form than of a statue, even erecting it as high as the highest peak of the Himalayas would be but an inadequate monument to his memory. But where is the urgency of such a monument to-day which is estimated to cost about fifteen lakhs of rupees, when Gandhiji's inspiring living figure is moving among us and staking and consecrating his mortal body for fulfilling his mission, when the country is bursting forth with the worst syptoms of insanity, and when not a jot has been added to improve the condition of the hungry and suffering millions?

Something graphic can alone be a 'concrete' even if it has no semblance of any real or substantial thing seems to be the whole idea of the protagonists of such schemes, irrespective of what wealth on which there are more urgent public claims, is wasted.

It is not only the duty of the saner public to agitate and raise a strong protest against such affairs being done in their name, but the Government authorities also ought to prevent such schemes taking shape Yours etc.

N. B. PARULEKAR.

tPoints From Letters

"Citizen of the World" draws attention to the danger of allowing children to go about with lots of ornaments on their person. Superfluous wealth, he argues can be more usefully applied.

* * *

"Memoer of Human family" protests against Vaccination involving great cruelty to animals. He says that small pox can be prevented by cleanliness alone.

* * *

Mr. D. H. Deshpande, Shiggaon, Dharwar district, suggests that the Constituent Assembly should pass a resolution beginning a new Era from midnight of August 14, 1947. This is to be called "Gandhian Era".

* * *

Dashrath T. Kangutar suggests that the Bhandaris who were deprived of their living by the Prohibition Policy of Government, should at least be allowed to run the sweet toddy shops recently opened by Government.

* * *

Mr. A. V. Menon, Bombay, while welcoming the ordinance enhancing penalty on black marketeers, suggests there should be similar legislation to deal with the "pugree" evil.

* * *

R. I. N. sufferer draws attention to the plight of ratings thrown out of employment after the February 1946 Mutiny, and requests leaders of Independant India to remember them.

* * *

K. Venkatesh suggests that the G.I.P. harbour branch line should be extended upto Andheri or in the alternative timings of the B. B. C. I. and G. I. P. harbour branch lines should be co-ordinated so as to avoid long waits at Bandra for people coming by the Harbour Branch.

* * *

N. T. Phadke, Belgaum, complains about the non-publication of a list of candidates for Mamlatdars posts approved by the Public Service Commission since 1945. Before that, he says, such lists used to be published every year. The non-publication has led to much discontent among eligible Government servants.

* * *

Mr. V. M. Bhadri, Chikkerur suggests that in view of the fact that a new sub-judges court has been started at Ranebennur in the district of Dharwar, the Government should permit a direct bus line from Chikkerur to Ranebennur. At present litigants are put to great hardship as they have to take a roundabout route, involving a journey sometimes lasting over three days.

ON GREATNESS ABOUNDING

What Would Be A Memorial To Gandhiji

(By JOYCE NAZARETH)

As the camera of public interest turns to catch in rapid sequence the recent march of events that led to the transfer of power and the rebirth of a free and independent India unfolding before an eager gaze—the Cabinet Mission's plan—the formation of the Interim Government and the Indian Independence Bill of August 15th various personalities loom large in the lens, Lord Louis Mountbatten, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Mr. Jinnah, but the personality (though not in the Constituent Assembly) who steals the picture every time is Gandhiji. The benevolence of the "Father of India" pervades all relegating these other men of note to a momentary limbo of forgetfulness. The emotional centre of the public is touched Gandhiji becomes the focal point of interest and attention.

HIS LIFE THEME

When one sits back and reviews in retrospect the career of this little wizened man in his loin cloth it is easy to realise how imperceptibly but permanently he has established himself in the nation's regard. His life-theme has been truth—the whole truth and nothing but the truth—and his meagre garments and attitude of self-denial and self-abjugtion but substantiate his belief that the superficial and artificial in life make but for empty and shallow grandeur—that the bubble of conceit when pricked reveals hollow mockery of its pretensions. This figure, then, has followed truth in every political guise and because he revealed the national interest before self in every trend of activity and has not indulged in this unholy scramble of power politics like some others—that the man in the street has given him his willing adherence and voted him the "Father of Indian of Freedom."

NO IDLE DREAMER

A few years back the foreigner was apt to view him as a sentimental Schizoid. He presented a figure who lived in a world of cloudy phantasy and wishful thinking. The practical expression of his dreams to the foreigner, were most impractical and had no touch with reality. Way back in 1943 when Mahatma Gandhi began his 21 days' fast on February 10th as a protest against the Government's refusal to allow him to repudiate the charges levelled against Congress, a British major remarked —"What a bloodless substitute for aggression. The mailed fist, shot and shell is the only order of the day". To him Gandhiji was pursuing a vague dream in a childish and sentimental manner, oblivious to the hard knocks of reality. But the Foreigner with his prosic outlook had not understood the spirit of the nation and hence failed to appreciate Gandhiji's non-violent methods of achievement. Gandhiji was no idle dreamer, his grip on reality was firm, the earth was not slipping from under his feet, he had walked on the soil of his motherland with bare feet and was only too conscious of her worth. He a true psychologist, knew his people—their innermost emotions and beliefs and, with his finger on the pulse of the nation, he directed his activity which registered not only adherence and loyalty from India's millions but inspired so strong a national awakening among his countrymen that the British Cabinet realised that India was getting too hot to hold and that the only course of action open to her, was to fall into line with Gandhiji's non-violent methods and to give India her independence in a peaceful and amicable manner.

All that remains now is a nation's gratitude. A bronze statue of the "Father of India" to be erected opposite the Gateway of India is at most a meagre materialistic compensation. What would conform more to the pattern of Gandhiji's ideal would be a change of heart, so that mutual distrust and hate is rooted out to enable all to work in harmony for the common good and collective perfection. Then only will India be a free, independent, self-respecting nation worthy of the eyes of History that are upon her.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

The Maharaja of Mysore today issued a message to the people of the State declaring his intention that the new Constitution would provide for the establishment of responsible government in the State.

—Press Report.

* * *

We learn that shortly before Mahatma Gandhi broke his fast on Thursday night he received a message from the king expressing deep anxiety at the state of his health and the ordeal he had imposed on himself.

And since then we have been wondering about the ordeal of Lord Linlithgow and Sir Reginald Maxwell.

* * *

In a press appeal to the Muslims of the Punjab, Chaudhry Khaliquzzaman says: "Mahatma Gandhi is making history by upholding his ideals of peace against odds and it is the duty of every one to do his bit to make his mission a success.

We agree.

* * *

We earnestly hope no misunderstanding or baseless resentment is aroused in Russia or America by the report that the Korean State has joined the Indian Union.

Although, of course, we are sure that it would solve the whole problem both north and south of the Twenty-eighth Parallel.

* * *

Three Jews including Rabbi Baruch Korff, Chairman of the American Political Action Committee of Palestine, have been arrested by the French police following the discovery of a plan to bomb London from privately owned planes as reprisals for the taking of the illegal "exodus" immigrants to Hamburg.

What is called for in the first instance and immediately is, of course, a packed demonstration in Madison Square to denounce the British and demand action by sympathetic Washington.

* * *

Apropos of this Luftwaffish plan, British air officials in London are reported to have pointed out that any Jewish attempt to bomb London from the air was doomed to failure.

Is that a challenge to the power and resources of American Zionists, their friends and their Rabbi Korff's Political (!) Action Committee?

According to a Paris report, an official declaration of French policy in Indo-China by High Commissioner Bollaert will be made today, Wednesday.

But we needn't bother to speculate or anticipate.

* * *

M. Molotov has rejected U.S. proposals for Korean independence put forward on August 29.

We thought he would.

Incidentally, the most important point at issue was: What is "democratic"?

STATISTICAL CONFERENCE OPENS AT WASHINGTON

Survey Of Large Areas Of W. Hemisphere To Be Undertaken

Washington, Sept. 8. (Reuter): Over 650 delegates from 53 nations today began the largest international conference on statistics ever held to discuss common methods of attacking the statistical problems of the post-war world.

"For one half of the world's peoples, no statistics whatever exist," according to the Secretariat, and many nations lost their statiscal records during the war.

M. Trygve Lie, Secretary General of the United Nations, will address the Conference—which is expected to last two weeks—and a message from President Truman will be read by the United States Secretary of Commerce, Mr. Averell Harriman.

The Soviet Union is a notable absentee. Along with Burma, Ethiopia and Saudi Arabia, she did not reply to invitations sent out by the United States some months ago.

The chief result of the conference, it is hoped, will be closer co-operation in the international statistical world with special emphasis being laid on the work of the United Nations Economic and Social Council in the field.

"HEMISPHERIC CENSUS"

As a prelude to the main conference, the 22 American Nations met among themselves to plan a "Hemispheric Census".

When this huge task is undertaken it is expected to measure the Western Hemisphere's cultural groups, literacy and educational level, the labour force by occupations, nationality and place of birth, living standards and health, agricultural resources and development, a housing census, trade and financial operations, and even place names and locations of remote and little known villages and settlements.

Many of the areas to be surveyed during the census must be reached on horseback or on foot. The area to be covered is enormous and included great cities, isolated mining camps, Indian villages in the Amason River valley, and sparsely settled Tundra encampments of the Eskimos in the Far North.

HYDERABAD STATE C.I.D. OFFICERS ARRESTED

NAGPUR, Sept. 8 (UPI).—Information has been received here that three officers of the Hyderabad State C.I.D. have been arrested at Amraoti, two in Buldana and one in Nagpur while engaged in espionage activities.

Repeated Police Firing In Bangalore

Three Dead And 21 Injured In Cantonment Area

BANGALORE, Sept. 8. (A.P.I.): Three persons died—one on the spot and two in hospital—and several were injured as a result of repeated police firing on a crowd in the Cantonment area this morning. Two of the injured are said to be serious.

SATYAGRAHIS' PROCESSION.

The police first opened fire at the extremity of Commercial Street, busiest trading locality in the Cantonment. A procession of Congress Satyagrahis had just reached the junction of Commercial Street and Cavalry Road when batches of Police rushed to the spot.

They made a lathi charge to disperse the procession. Stone-throwing ensued and the police opened fire. One boy was shot through the chest and was taken to hospital by a citizen. Two children—one a girl—standing at the window on the upper floor of a nearby house, received injuries when a bullet pierced the window-pane. A number of demonstrators were taken into custody.

Almost simultaneously, there was action in the Sepping Road area which was the scene of an intense demonstration yesterday. Despite the curfew, crowds were out early and began barricading road crossings. In an attempt to prevent them the police first used teargas and later opened fire. Details are not yet available. The curfew is being strictly enforced and police and military are patrolling.

JATHAS ARRESTED.

Attempts were again made to-day to take out jathas in pursuance of the Congress programme of Satyagraha launched on September 1. Two jathas were taken into custody.

Bangalore Cantonment, where these incidents took place, was recently retroceded to Mysore Durbar and has a cosmopolitan population of over two lakhs.

The 86-hour curfew, which was imposed in the adjoining city area, was lifted at 9 a.m. to-day following comparative quiet yesterday.

A report from Mysore City says the night there passed off without an incident. The curfew which expired at mid-day to-day has been extended for a further period of 24 hours in the Railway colony and Town Hall area.

CURFEW LIFTED.

The Bangalore City continued to be quiet after the curfew was lifted this morning. One satyagraha procession was taken in Basvangudi area and dispersed peacefully on the intervention of the police. Shops and depots opened and were busy with citizens buying their weekly ration and other necessaries of which they were starved during the 86-hour curfew.

It is now disclosed that at seven last evening an attempt was made by a crowd of 50 to attack the food depot at Nagar-peth but the crowd dispersed at the sight of the police. There was barricading of roads and damaging of electric poles near Balepet square by the crowd.

In the Cantonment area, no incident of major importance was reported since the flareup and the police firing this morning. It is gathered that casualties in the firing in the Cantonment area were three dead and 21 injured four being serious. The total arrests in the Cantonment area in two days numbered over two hundred.

MAJ. RUSSELL TO TAKE OVER DELHI OPERATIONAL COMMAND

NEW DELHI, Sept. 8. (API): Major-General Dudley Russell, former Commander of the Eighth Indian Division in Italy and now commanding Fifth Indian Division, is taking over operational command of East Punjab and Delhi says a communique from the Indian Army Headquarters tonight. He will be directly under Army Headquarters, India.

Brigadier Thimayya, Commanding Eleventh Indian Infantry Brigade in East Punjab to officiate as Commader of Fourth Indian Division with the acting rank of Major-General. Major-General T.W. Rees, now commanding the Division is to be the head of the Military Emergency Staff which has been set up in New Delhi.

More troops are being brought to Delhi. The Fourth Madras Regiment will arrive tonight; A battalion of the fifth royal gurkha rifles within three days. Others expected shortly are units of the Indian Armoured Corps and Indian Signal Corps.

COORDINATION OF TRANSPORT FOR REFUGEES

NEW DELHI, September 8. (API): At the daily meeting of the emergency Committee of the Cabinet this morning it was decided to set up an Overall Movements Committee to coordinate road rail and air transport and to ensure their maximum use for the movement of refugees says a press communique.

The Ministry of Home Affairs was invited to take special action to increase the subsidiary police force of volunteers in Delhi, to set up volunteer motor cycle squads for reconnaissance purposes in Delhi and to provide transport facilities for key Government staff.

As a result of the meeting, it was decided to set up a joint Police and Army (Sub-area Command) Headquarters in Delhi to coordinate all necessary measures for the restoration of law and order.

CURFEW IN ULSOON AREA IN BANGALORE

BANGALORE, Sept. 8 (API): A forty-eight-hour curfew has been imposed on Ulsoon area on the eastern side of Bangalore Cantonment and Seppings Road area where demonstrators are reported to have indulged in stone-throwing and barricading of roads till late last night

The police rounded up some of the demonstrators, and also made a lathi charge as a result of which a number of persons were injured.

Delhi Cut Off From India By Air And Rail

Mob Exchanges Fire With Military From House-Tops: Casualties Reported "Pretty High"

NEW DELHI, Sept. 8. (A.P.I.): While after yesterday's rioting in Connaught Circus New Delhi remained comparatively quiet, serious trouble broke out to-day in Paharganj, near New Delhi railway station, Karol Bagh, on the outskirts of the New Delhi Municipality, and Turkman Gate, where houses were burnt and looted.

Mobs returned police fire and also used bombs in a number of instances.

No estimate of casualties is available.

All affected areas are being heavily patrolled by troops and armed police. Armoured cars are moving about the city.

At Karol Bagh, soon after the curfew ended at 10 a.m. gunfire was heard from beyond Original Road. The miscreants who had posted themselves on roof-tops fired at the troops and the police. A number of explosions were heard. Firing continued intermittantly for two hours. Troops took up positions on the Ridge and bylanes and returned fire.

By noon, large mobs were seen fleeing towards a place of worship crossing the Ridge. A number of them were rounded up while they were thus escaping.

DR. JOSHIE SHOT DEAD.

Dr. N. C. Joshie, one of the well-known surgeons in the country, was shot dead by a mob which collected outside his residence in Karol Bagh. His clinic, it is reported escaped damage. A number of cases of arson and looting were also reported in this area.

Troops and police were rushed to the mixed locality of Paharganj where gun duels had been going on in narrow bylanes crisscrossing the area.

At Turkman Gate, houses were burnt and looted and rioters, armed with rifles and stenguns, occasionally exchanged fire.

In all these areas casualties are believed to be "pretty high", according to officers in charge of the patrolling troops.

In Chandni Chowk, Old Delhi's shopping area, at least 12 corpses were found this morning, probably casualties of early morning or overnight assaults. The area, however, remained quiet during the day.

Tension is widespread everywhere in the city.

ATTACK ON PASSENGERS AT STATION.

Hundreds of men, women and children belonging to rival communities are being evacuated to safety from the affected areas under strong escort.

All shops and markets are closed both in Old and New Delhi areas. The citizens are hard put to buy rations or supplement their provisions.

The train service is disorganised. No trains are running to-day from Delhi according to the railway authorities.

A number of incidents occurred on the platform where passengers from stationary trains were pulled out and assaulted. Several persons were killed.

The air services are not functioning. Mobs collected this morning in the vicinity of the Willingdon Aerodrome like yesterday but were dispersed.

Mr. Ali Karimbnoy of the Associated Cements who was killed on his way to the airport was one of the casualties yesterday.

SIKHS MISUSE PRIVILEGE

The District Magistrate, Delhi, has prohibited Sikhs from carrying Kirpans of more than nine inches in length in public streets or in any public place within the District of Delhi "as the religious right to carry kirpans has been misused by Sikhs and a large number of stray assaults in Delhi has been made by Sikhs carrying kirpans."

This step has been taken, the District Magistrate adds, as strong measures are necessary for the prevention of injury to persons lawfully employed and disturbance to public tranquility or a riot or any affray.

SCHOOLS CLOSED IN DELHI

The Superintendent of Education, Delhi, notifies that all schools will remain closed till September 16.

The Compartment Examination of the Board of the Higher Secondary Education scheduled to be held on September 9 has been postponed till further notice.

KARACHI INCIDENT

KARACHI, Sept. 8 (API).—Two persons described as Sikhs were found lying dead in a pool of blood near their bookstall at Keamari early today. The Harbour Police are investigating.

To preserve peace throughout the Province, most of the district authorities in Sind have banned carrying of weapons of all kinds and prohibited collection of acids, stones, etc.

The police at Hyderabad Railway station are reported to have searched persons arriving there from Nawabshah and other places and leaving Sind, and recovered from them a cart-load of kirpans, knives, lathis and a few revolvers.

WEST PUNJAB NORMAL

LAHORE, Sept. 8 (API).—Except for streams of Muslim refugees from the East and non-Muslim evacuees from the West moving in opposite directions, the situation in the province is now almost normal, states a press communique issued today by the Director of Public Relations, West Punjab.

The communique adds: A Railway train carrying non-Muslim evacuees to East Punjab was searched by the police at Kasur and three guns, one pistol, nine spears and other weapons were recovered.

Another incident in Kasur Sub-Division was an attempt at dacoity in a village on the western side of the frontier by an armed gang from East Punjab. After an encounter the dacoits fled, leaving seven dead and two captives behind them.

PRECAUTIONS AGAINST TRANS BORDER RAIDS

Police pickets have been posted along the Amritsar-Lahore border and further reinforcements are being despatched to avoid recurrence of trans border raids. The situation in the countryside however remained peaceful today.

In Lahore searches continued for the recovery of looted property. The police action has been further tightened up to check the activities of bad characters.

Most villages in Lahore District have been resettled and arrangements are in hand for settling the Muslim refugees and setting the commercial life of the countryside into motion.

The District Magistrate has advised the refugees that substantial accommodation is available in Montgomery District and Sialkot and Gujranwala for the people who want to start life afresh.

SIKHS PLEA

It is understood that leaders of the Sikh community have informed the West Punjab authorities that they wish all Sikhs in Lyalpur District and adjacent areas to migrate from West Punjab to East Punjab.

The West Punjab authorities have expressed their readiness to afford all necessary facilities in accordance with their general policy. But they express the hope that Sikh leaders will impress upon their co-religionists the policy of the West Punjab Government of not allowing any emigrant to carry unlicenced arms with them or to molest peaceful citizens.

NO INCIDENTS IN EAST PUNJAB

JULLUNDUR, Sept. 8 (API).—No report of any incident has been received from any of the towns in East Punjab, says today's communique issued by the East Punjab Government.

Amritsar City has practically come back to normal and most of the shops are open.

Steady improvement is also reported from the rural areas of Hoshiarpur.

In the rural area of Amritsar, near Kahngarh Muslim League National Guards fired on two Sikhs while a military captain and his escort were attacked in Shakargarh by a Muslim mob. Two of the escorts were killed.

In the districts of Karnal and Gurgaon, a certain amount of tension still prevails while in Ferozepur District a clash has been reported between Jaths and Military.

CALCUTTA CITIZENS SHOW HIGH CIVIC SENSE

CALCUTTA, Sept. 6 (API).—With the city normal and quiet, the "ek-ho" campaign of the peace brigades met with still more enthusiastic response in the areas visited by them today, says a West Bengal Government Press Note issued tonight.

Citizens of certain police stations in Central Calcutta exhibited extremely commendable civic sense in helping the police with reliable clues leading to the recovery of a big hoard of furniture, looted in the recent disturbances. Among other things, recovered were large quantities of crockeries, household and kitchen articles, a cycle, a country-made sword, six knives and a number of lathis. Twenty-six arrests were made following these searches including notorious bad characters known to have been implicated in several robberies in the city. A noteworthy feature was the help given to the police by members of the same community as the arrested person.

In view of the improvement in the situation, the Commissioner of Police, lifted the ban on the use of private jeeps with effect from 6 a.m. on Tuesday, September 9, two days earlier than scheduled.

WORSE THAN FOREIGN DOMINATION

The present communal trouble in the country was worse than foreign domination as it was strife within a house said the General Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee, Mr. Sankarrao Deo, today.

Mr. Deo was speaking at a condolence meeting held by Calcutta students in connection with the death of two prominent Congress workers, Sachin Mitra and Smritish Banerjee, who had lost their lives in the recent communal flare-up in the city.

The Congress Secretary said that freedom had come but peace was the one thing needed at the present moment.

The Government of West Bengal have partially revoked restrictions on the use in newspapers of certain letter types and faces and continuous types wider than four and a half inches.

Under this revocation the restrictions will cease to have effect except in the case of any matter concerning any communal disturbances at any place within or outside India.

CURFEW IN DEHRADUN

DEHRADUN, Sept. 7. (API): A sixteen hour curfew has been impose on Dehradun following two stabbing incidents in the city.

The curfew which is to remain in force till September 14, will be from 5 p.m. to 9 a.m.

Sind Minority Plea To Jinnah

Adequate Representation In Central And Provincial Units Urged

KARACHI, Sept. 8 (API).—The Sind Minorities Association, at its meeting yesterday, passed a resolution urging the Government of Pakistan to give adequate representation to minorities in Pakistan both in the Central and the Provincial units as that would allay their apprehensions and create sense of security among them.

The meeting considered the situation in Sind and urged the Qaid-e-Azam to take steps and give practical shape to his assurances to the minorities of Pakistan.

Dr. Hemandas R. Wadhwani, who presided over the meeting, in his speech stated that if an understanding between the Congress and the League High Commands was not possible in the near future the Muslim League should give representation to non-Congressmen who were willing to co-operate with them and lead a life of peaceful and loyal citizens of Pakistan.

The speaker suggested that if there were any constitutional difficulties in giving representation to the minorities, the Constituent Assembly of Pakistan was a sovereign body and it could amend the Constitution accordingly. Pending that, the provincial Governors could nominate minority representatives on their Cabinets under their special powers.

The meeting further protested against the freezing ordinance in West Punjab.

Refugee Evacuation Speeded Up

New Military Organisation Set Up At Amritsar

AMRITSAR, Sept. 8. (A.P.I.): Evacuation of refugees from West Punjab has been taken over by a new Command of the Army—the Military Evacuation Organisation—which has been set up with headquarters at Amritsar under Major General [illegible]dar Bakhshish Singh Chimni.

The M. E. O. Command is separate from the East Punjab Area Command whose present headquarters are at Lahore. The M. E. O. has a forward headquarters at Lahore to facilitiate liaison between the East Punjab Area Command and its opposite number in Pakistan whose headquarters are also at Lahore.

The object of the M. E. O. is to evacuate in the shortest possible time the maximum number of non-Muslim refugees from West Punjab and also to evacuate Muslim refugees from East Punjab on the outward journey.

All civilian police and military resources are being mobilised directly under this Command and everything possible is being done to overcome the initial difficulties in collecting transport and arranging escort for convoys.

An advance of 16 staff officers of this Command arrived at Amritsar on September 3, while Major General Chimni came from Lahore the following day. The first convoy of fifty civilian buses left Amritsar on September 5 from Sacha Sauda, 17 miles beyond Shaikhupura, and returned with about 3,500 refugees, men, women and children, to Amritsar the following day.

At present only civilian buses are available for evacuation, but more convoys will be sent daily when military load lorries are made available.

Evacuation by air will also be organised by this Command as soon as planes are put at its disposal.

To ensure that evacuation of refugees receives proper priority over evacuation of moveable property, strict instructions are given to convoy commanders not to permit more than a trunk of reasonable size and a bedding to be brought by each refugee.

Arrangements have been made to send with each convoy a few bags of gram for refugee camps in places where there is food shortage.

A Reception and Information Office has been opened at the Command Headquarters where refugees and their relatives can make enquires and ask for assistance. Advantage is being taken of this contact to obtain the latest information about the condition of refugees in West Punjab.

MORE AREAS DECLARED DISTURBED

LUCKNOW, Sept. 8 (API.) The districts of Bulandshahr, Meerut, Muzaffarnagar and Saharanpur have been declared "communally disturbed areas" for a period of three months by the U. P. Governor.

Dehradun District except Chakrata Tehsil and Allahabad Municipal and Police Circle Kotwali in Allahabad District have also been declared "communally disturbed areas" for the same period.

A Collective fine of Rs. 5,000 has been imposed on the inhabitants of Bisauli town in Budaun District.

Medical aid being rendered to football fans who were injured when the stands at the football grounds at Cooperage collapsed on Sunday.

Influence Of Public Opinion

By OSWALD DUTCH

When foreigners visit London and for the first time hear the speakers in Hyde Park, near the Marble Arch, addressing large audiences from their "soap boxes", they are always surprised to learn that this world-famous institution really does exist. So many tales have been heard overseas about "Prince Monolulu" and other well-known Hyde Park speakers that they can scarcely believe that in the heart of London any man or woman may speak freely, may criticise, attack the Government, conduct a choir, hold a religious service or anything else which may come within the category of these free gatherings opposite Park Lane and Oxford Street.

The Hyde Park open air speakers, just as those at Trafalgar Square, or the Tower of London or many other places in the metropolis, are a well-established institution which must be regarded as part of "public opinion" in Britain. "Letters to the Editor" which appear almost every day in the national newspapers are another deep-rooted component of this "public opinion." It also manifests itself in the numerous gatherings in clubs and other unions, in the characteristic "pubs", in debates held at the universities, and in the schools, and even in the "queues" which form in front of shops, cinemas and theatres and finally in Parliament where it comes to earth in legislation.

Powerful Factor

I do not believe there is another country in the world where public opinion has become such a powerful factor as in Britain. Much less is said in Britain of this public opinion than in many other countries but, nevertheless, or perhaps because of this, its influence in every sphere of public life is always unmistakable.

It is not intended to refer here to the fact that every Member in the House of Commons represents the worries and wishes of his electorate, still less is it a question of the influence of clear-cut party decisions. It is merely the spontaneous utterances of agreement or disapproval by the public as a whole and requires no special organisation, guidance or propaganda in order to determine at any time, with unfailing certainty, that which is right and that which is wrong.

Perhaps the best way to explain the power factor of this public opinion is to give a few examples. Recently a German prisoner-of-war fell in love with a British girl; he wished to marry her but this was forbidden and when the girl had a child the German P.O.W. was sentenced by a Military Court to one year's imprisonment. Public opinion immediately took the part of the German P.O.W. —an unknown man. Showers of letters and articles appeared in the Press, his sentence was branded as a violation of the most elementary human rights....and a few days later a Bill was submitted to the House of Commons allowing German P.O.Ws. to marry British girls. This would entail that the sentenced P.O.W. had not committed any crime and would have to be reprieved.

Human Rights

Human rights from the major concern of Britain's public opinion. A short while ago, for example, a reform of the marriage laws took place because, despite opposition by the Church, public opinion had succeeded in effecting the speeding up of divorce proceedings and the modernisation of divorce laws.

When the German Commander-in-Chief in Italy, Marshal Kesselring, was sentenced to death recently by a British Military Court, public opinion, mainly among high-ranking British officers who had fought against Kesselring, urged for a reprieve at such length that eventually it was granted. Another instance occurred when

Between "Letters to the Editor" and "Hyde Park speeches" there is a wide gap. But behind both is a common aim—the concern to preserve human rights . . . .

the British Government forbade the sending of food-parcels to the starving people of Europe, and almost immediately a "Save Europe Now" movement was formed. A result of this movement was that in a short time it was arranged that anyone who was willing to go without part of his own rations could legally send a limited quantity of such parcels to his hungry friends on the Continent

Naturally, public opinion embraces other problems which do not deal actually with human rights. When, in 1946, the then Minister of Food, for reasons of economy, suddenly cancelled all further imports of denydrated eggs (egg powder) there was almost a revolution among housewives. Imports had to be resumed and shortly afterwards the Minister of Food was replaced by a new official. The Government's housing policy has been influenced repeatedly by public opinion and this power factor has always been taken into consideration also regarding the food policy.

Enforcement Of Justice

The interesting thing about all these developments is that they are rarely the result of preliminary action, party measures, or decisions in principle. The reaction of public opinion is spontaneous. Whenever a group of people, who for the most part do not even know each other, who have no direct contact but who, from their own inner feelings, sense that something unjust has occurred, simultaneously decide on joint action, all participants know that they are then up against "public opinion." When the injustice has been removed not one of them who may have helped to bring about the sudden change has an undue sense of self-importance. Thanks or acknowledgement from those who will benefit are not expected.

It is precisely this attribute which makes "public opinion" in Britain such a factor of power: because no one undertakes to substitute justice for injustice to benefit personally, for demagogical reasons or to gain influence; therefore, no misuse can be made of it. It is always a question of reason being victorious, of the enforcement of justice or of strengthening humanity.

No Revival Of Japanese Militarism

(By WICKHAM STEED)

The British Commonwealth Conference at Canbera upon the terms of the Peace Treaty with Japan is an event interesting both in itself and as creating a valuable precedent.

This precedent is that conferences on matters affecting members of the Commonwealth should be summoned by the one most directly concerned. As regards Japan, this is Australia. The Australian representatives might certainly have impressed their views upon Britain's Government in London, but it is far more satisfactory that Britain's Ministers should look at Pacific problems from Australia instead of studying them on big maps in Whitehall. Political geography must be felt. It cannot be learned from charts and text-books alone.

FREQUENT MEETINGS

Belivers in the British Commonwealth as an ideal form of association between independent nations have often wished it were possible for the "Imperial Conference" not to be held only in London and have looked forward to frequent meetings between the statesmen of Britain and other Commonwealth countries in Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa.

Until a few years ago, the time that would be taken in travelling to and from such meetings was reckoned a serious obstacle. Latterly, aircraft have shortened time and distance so effectively that what would have been, formerly, a matter of months is now a matter of days.

There is scarcely a feature of British Commonwealth affairs in which this shrinkage of space and time is likely to be of greater value than in the working out of a coherent policy for peace in the Pacific and for the treatment of Japan. Conditions have changed so rapidly, even since the Japanese surrender, that the minds of Britain's Ministers might remain unadjusted to them without direct and personal contact with the Governments of other Commonwealth countries, whose coasts are washed by Pacific waters.

FRESH MISGIVINGS

Those countries, like the United States, have been obliged to revise earlier conceptions of peace terms for Japan by the failure of China to put her own house in order and take her position as a great power. The behaviour of Soviet Russia has also inspired misgivings that were hardly felt in 1945. Meanwhile, the urgency of making peace with Japan has found economic and, to some extent, political expression. At Canberra, this urgency was recognised by the agreement to hold in the United States without delay a preliminary conference of the eleven countries who are to sign the peace treaty, so that it may be ready for signing by the middle of next year.

To meet it seems inevitable that the main terms of the Japanese settlement should take a negative rather than a positive form. Economically, it is necessary to prevent 80,000,000 Japanese from starving, or becoming a liability to their victors, for lack of industrial output to pay for imports of food. Politically, it is necessary to prevent any revival of Japanese industry from becoming a basis for rearmament and ultimate aggression.

These, as I see them, are the two broadcast terms of the peacemakers' task. Less negative, at least in the opinion of General MacArthur and other representatives of the United States, would be the conversion of the Japanese people to a sincere belief in democratic institutions.

INEVITABLE RISKS

In whatever direction and by whatever means a solution of the Japanese problem is sought some risks will have to be taken. There would be risks in maintaining, for reasons of security, too severe a system of foreign control. There would be risks in permitting or even fostering the revival of Japanese industry, lest it gets out of hand and secretly serves the purposes of impenitent imperialists. And there would certainly be a risk in assuming that the assumption of democratic institutions and methods by the Japanese, on advice or under pressure from the United States, would involve any fundamental change in outlook which the military classes of the Japanese people have cherished for centuries.

The eleven Governments entitled to help in framing a Peace Treaty with Japan will, I imagine, wish to leave no loophole for any revival of Japanese militarism. Yet, not all of them may realise a truth which Britain's Ministers at any rate are likely to have perceived in the atmosphere of Canberra. This truth is that Japan won immense prestige throughout Eastern and Southern Asia, even among people whom she subdued, by the early success of her bid for complete mastery of the Pacific. She gained "face" and an indispensable, though intangible, source of influence in the Pacific region, and her overthrow has by no means destroyed it.

ECONOMIC RECOVERY

Japan, it may be said, is down and out. She can threaten nobody for decades to come. Yet, she still has "face" and it is important that when the Peace Treaty is concluded the terms should be such as to uphold the prestige of the victors and to ensure them adequate and abiding "face".

It should be possible to combine this necessity with the practical realisation of the fact that the Japanese people must manufacture and trade if they are to live, and that it may be advantageous for other countries to trade with them. On these points there will have little difficulty in harmonising the United Kingdom and overseas Commonwealth views at Canberra. It will have been recognised as expedient that Japan should become economically, and within limits, a going concern—but that she shall not resume military activity in any form. In this respect, at least, the members of the British Commonwealth will accept no risks.

D. F. Karaka:

Off My Chest

Congratulations and birthday greetings went to Sir H. P. Mody on his appointment as Acting Governor of Bombay. It has been a most popular choice because H. P. is probably the first Governor of Bombay to ever have a sense of humour, with the possible exception of Mr. Ramamurti, who in a ten day tenure of office opened up two Government Houses and used a special train between Bombay and Poona as a special coach wasn't nearly good enough. We confidently hope that H. P. won't show the same incentive at a similar cost to Government.

On the termination of his ten-day tenure we sincerely hope that the institutions from which he has had to resign will take him back. Sir H. P. Mody has resigned from Tatas—for the second time. One of these days, the Chairman of Tatas may take this resignation seriously. He has resigned from the Cricket Club, the Turf Club and may be even the Asian Club—a Club from which all Asians are excluded except Parsis.

This was necessary as otherwise he would have had to play host to himself at the Turf Club lunch of which he was the President.

To celebrate this event, the House of Tatas declared Monday a holiday and anyone phoning the office found the operator on duty saying: "Sorry Sir, Tatas are closed today. Sir Homi has become Governor. Jai Hind!" The national flag would have been hung on Bombay House but, unfortunately, all Tata's Hindu employees had taken it out on the streets and were engaged in dancing in a sort of Palais Glide fashion.

I looked up the local Who's Who to gather a few lesser known details about the new Governor. I find that he is a prolific uncle with innumerable nieces. (see "Blitz"); he is a devotee of racing (see his bank account on settling day) and is a good sport and consistently good loser. In fact Churchill (the brown Indian horse) said of him: "Never has anyone lost so often so well and so regularly." (See "The Memoirs of Churchill").

But to be serious for just a while, it must be said that the Congress have made a very popular choice and shown liberality in politics by offering the Governorship to a man who was (if not now) an ardent critic of the Congress and one who disliked some of its fads as much as I do. Sir H. P. Mody is the right man for the job and we hope that before long his services will be made use of in a permanent capacity.

Meanwhile Tatas are again looking for talent.

SOCIALISM IN ASSAM CONSTITUTION

Bardoloi's Assurance To Minorities

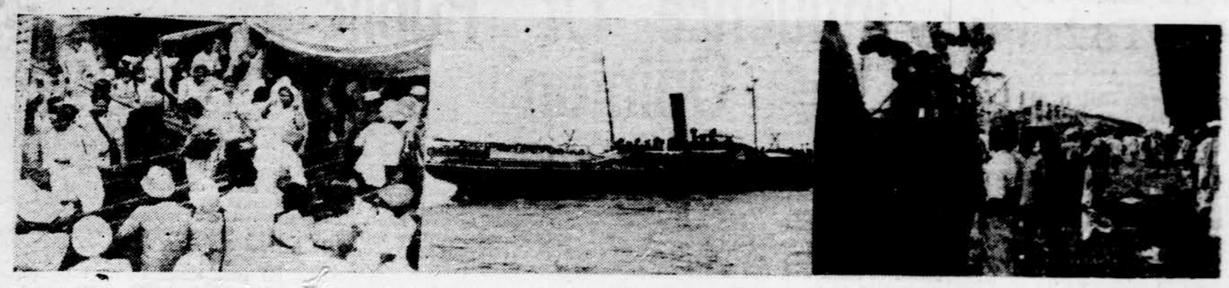
SHILLONG, Sept. 7 (API.) The Premier of Assam, Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi, told the plenary session of the Assam Provincial Congress Committee here that the principles of Socialism were incorporated in the Assam Provincial Constitution. Under all circumstances the interests of the minority would be safeguarded in it. He asked the people to follow the ideals of democracy and adhere to the principle of self-Government of tribal people, which would ultimately raise the country and bring freedom and security to all.

The Premier hoped that now that the major political problems had been solved it would be possible for the Government to divert more attention to all-round national reconstruction. The question of industrialisation would receive high priority. He expressed the Government's determination to make Assam self-sufficient and prosperous. As regards nationalisation, Government had not been able to make much headway and were experiencing great difficulties due to the dearth of experts.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

GANESHKHIND Sept. 8 (API)—The Governor of Bombay and Lady Mody gave a dinner party at Government House.

Evacuees From Sind



More than a thousand refugees from Sind reached Bombay on Sunday by two ships "Kalavati" and "Netrawati" Photo shows the ships' arrival and transport of refugees from the dock area.

First Political Conference Of Sikhs In London

Condemns Massacres And Forcible Conversions In Punjab

LONDON, Sept. 7 (Reuter): The first political conference of the Sikh community in Great Britain, convened by the Sikh Mission, the Hindu Association of Europe and the Khalsa Jatha of Great Britain, took place here today.

500 Sikh and Hindu delegates from Glasgow, Edinburgh, Manchester, Birmingham, Coventry, Newcastle, Bradford and Doncaster were present.

The Conference opened with a prayer conducted by Principal Ganga Singh, leader of the Sikh Mission.

The Indian Tricolour Flag and the Sikh flag were hoisted at the new Town Hall, Hammersmith.

The High Commissioner for India Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, attended the Conference and when he entered the hall he was garlanded by Sikh Boy Scouts who are to attend the World Jamboree in France.

Principal Ganga Singh in his presidential address said that every Sikh and Hindu would deplore the massacre and forcible conversion of their co-religionists in the Punjab.

The Conference urged the Government of India to speedily evacuate the Sikh and Hindu refugees from the Pakistan area of the Punjab and to take all possible measures for safeguarding the property of the Hindus and Sikhs in the Pakistan area.

A further resolution expressed deep sorrow and sympathy for the massacre and forcible conversion of the Hindus and Sikhs of the Punjab.

Andhras Demand Separate Province

MADRAS, Sept. 8, (A.P.I.): A resolution urging the Government of India to create by an Order-in-Council a separate Andhra Province and appoint, forthwith a Boundary Commission to give an award in respect of Madras City and certain areas in Orissa and Tamil Nad, over which the Andhras have "longstanding cliams as forming integral parts of Andhra Province", was adopted at this afternoon's session of the 19th Andhra Political Conference.

The resolution further urges the Government to make a temporary provision for joint governance by both Andhras and Tamilians of Madras City and District pending final settlement by the Boundary Commission.

Linguistic Provinces

Mr. N. C. Narsinha Acharya, Secretary, ALL-INDIA LEAGUE OF LINGUISTIC PROVINCES WRITES: "The move for the formation of linguistic Provinces has so far not been tackled with the same enthusiasm as the cause deserves. The Committee appointed by the Constituent Assembly, it is understood, made its report which has the effect of putting off the same indefinitely. The pity of it is, that, even as regards the Provinces which have already been recognised as entities for the purpose of Congress politics and franchise some doubt is entertained and the matter appears to have been made the subject of discussion and debate. It is, therefore, natural that the Kannadigas, the Maharashtrians, the Keralites and the Andhra and others are feeling anxious that their claims to be governed within the Provinces of their own within the frame work of free India, be recognised. One cannot say whether the formation of linguistic provinces will come up before the next session of the Constituent Assembly and be dealt with to the satisfaction of all. The promised Commission must proceed on the the basis that the principle of the Constitution of Provinces having been accepted it should only enquire into the boundaries and fix the same with due regard to the claims of linguistic units. The League of linguistic Provinces wholeheartedly supports the recent move by the President of the Karnatak Maha Mandal, Mr. H. F. M. Reddy, who put in a powerful plea for a separate Karnatak Province. It is up to leaders like Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the President of the Constituent Assembly and Sardar Vallabhai Patel to deal with the matter with the utmost expedition. It was pointed out that unless the Congress leaders accepted the demand of a separate Karnatak Province the Maha Mandal would be forced to refuse recognition of a joint provinces and compel members of legislatures and Constituent Assembly to resign their seats and start direct action. This, indeed, shows the strength of feeling and the same feeling is evident in the case of Andhras, Maharashtrian and others. One cannot understand how when leading men have already expressed themselves in favour of linguistic provinces, this demand has been put off from time to time although everybody recognises that the formation of provinces is a necessary preliminary to the framing of the Constitution for them. There was recently a deputation at Delhi to press forward the plea for linguistic provinces and for the Andhra province by no less a person than Rajah of Bobbili and my esteemed colleague Mr. G. V. Subbarao. It is hoped that the Constituent Assembly will not disappoint a great number of leading men and the public who are genuinely feeling the advent of independence which in practice may get whittled down by unfortunate and unnecessary conflicts within the Indian Dominion."

Mysore Ruler's Assurance To His People

New Constitution "To Provide For Responsible Govt."

BANGALORE, Sept. 8, (A.P.I.): The Maharaja of Mysore today issued a message to people of the State declaring his intention that the new constitution would provide for the establishment of responsible Government in the State.

The Maharaja called upon his people loyally to co-operate with the administration and to see that peace and tranquillity prevail in the State.

The following is the full text of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore's message:

The following message from His Highness the Maharaja to the people of Mysore was read by Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, Dewan, to the Members of the Consultative Committee at a meeting held to-day, all members standing.

"On the 8th of January this year, eight months ago, I conveyed in a message to my people my desire that steps should be taken for further constitutional progress and fuller association of my people with the administration of my State. I recalled that the Royal House of Mysore has ever been ready to recognise the legitimate desires of my people and meet their reasonable aspirations. I repeated that the torch of constitutional progress—a family heritage handed down to me by my revered predecessors—cannot be dimmed but shall ever continue to burn brighter. That shall ever continue to burn brighter with the passing of time. I directed my Dewan to submit to me proposals regarding constitutional progress in my State after due consultation with all sections and classes of my people and after taking note of the course of discussions and events in the rest of India.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS.

Events of great significance have occurred during the interval. Momentous decisions had to be taken and I have had the benefit of the mature advice of my Dewan who, while taking note of public feelings and sentiments, also kept steadily in view the vital interests of the State of Mysore and its people. My people are aware that the State of Mysore had acceded to the Dominion of India. I am happy to learn that the representatives of my people will have now an opportunity to play their role in the larger life of the Indian Dominion legislature. My Dewan has had necessarily to delay the submission of the proposals regarding the future constitution. The statement which has recently been issued by him has my approval.

"It is my intention that the new constitution should provide for the establishment of responsible Government in my State. It is my desire that this Committee and such other bodies as may be found necessary may all co-operate in enabling the Dewan to place detailed proposals before me in accordance with my declared intentions. In my message to my people I stated that any scheme of reforms suggested should fulfil one great objective which I have at my heart that it should ensure equal opportunities for all and promote the security, contentment and happiness of my dear people. I trust that in framing the scheme of responsible Government this primary objective will be kept in view and necessary provisions devised to ensure its being achieved. I call upon all my people to loyally co-operate with the administration and to see that peace and tranquillity prevail in the State."

(Sd.) Jaya Chamaraja Wadiyar.

MYSORE MAHARAJA'S FRESH CALL FOR CO-OPERATION

BANGALORE, Sept. 8 (API): The Maharaja of Mysore today issued a message to people of the State declaring his intention that the new constitution would provide for the establishment of responsible Government in the State.

The Maharaja called upon his people loyally to co-operate with the administration and to see that peace and tranquillity prevail in the State.

INDIANS FIND GOLD IN BERRIES

OTTAWA (Reuter):

Ontario's Indians are making their annual mass trek from the reserve villages to the scorching northern bushlands to earn themselves thousands of dollars by picking blueberries.

The picking season begins in Mid-August, when the fruit hangs in heavy clusters from the low bushes, usually on fire-swept ground.

In a good season some families make as much as 15 dollars (nearly £4) a day, selling to city buyers at about two dollars (10s) for an 11-quart basket.

Last year, when prices were exceptionally high, a family sometimes earned 50 dollars (£12.10s.) in a day, but the crop was small and the season soon over.

The Indians live in tents set up where they find the berries thickest. When the area has been picked over, they move on, tents, baggage, squaws, children with them, to the next good spot. Everyone, from grandmother to toddlers, take part.

Although the season lasts normally only six weeks, production reaches surprising figures. One northern wholesaler estimates the ships about 500 baskets of blueberries daily to Southern Ontario and U. S. markets.

BELGIAN POLICE SEEK WOUNDED GERMANS

VERVIERS, BELGIAN (Reuter).

Authorities on both sides of the Belgo-German frontier are searching for two Germans shot by a Belgian gendarme near here after clandestinely crossing the frontier into Belgium.

Whilst guarding a party of three on the side of the road, the gendarme was surprised by a further group of Germans who dashed out from a clump of trees with the intention of aiding the escape of the prisoners.

During the struggle that followed the gendarme opened fire and two of the Germans fell apparently seriously wounded whilst the rest of the party fled.

By the time the gendarme returned with medical aid the two men had disappeared.

Increasing numbers of Germans, a high percentage of whom are small children, are daily violating the frontier seeking food in Belgium in exchange for a variety of goods.

Mr. K. C. Neogy, who has been appointed as a Special Minister of the Indian Union, in charge of Relief and Rehabilitation of Refugees.

IMMIGRANT JEWS LAND AT HAMBURG

Earlier Decision Reversed At Mass Meeting In Ship's Holds

HAMBURG Sept. 8 (Reuter): The first exodus Jews filed quietly down the gangway of the Ocean Vigour early today after a mass meeting held in the ship's holds following their earlier refusal to obey loudspeaker appeals to land at Hamburg.

Soon after the meeting, the first batch of Jews walked off the ship to the blare of dance music over the loudspeakers and boarded the waiting train with wire-up windows.

Sixth Airborne Guards manning the gangway helped the Jews with their luggage and assisted women down the gangplanks towards the screened off areas where the search was taking place for weapons before the Jews passed into the train.

The second of the exodus ships, the "Empire Rival" which had quietly slipped up the Eble River last night naval escort is anchored a few miles away awaiting disembarkation, which will only take place after the "Ocean Vigour" has been successfully cleared of her Jewish passengers.

TROOPS USE FORCE

Boyd France Reuter's special correspondent aboard the 'Ocean Vigour' reported that 650 Jewish immigrants in the two forward holds of the ship refused to disembark after the others had walked down the gangway. An order was given to the troops to use force. Troops grabbed the first people who came to hand and hustled them up to the deck. Here and there violent scuffles broke out between soldiers and the more determined men, but the immigrants' opposition was quickly overcome by sheer force of numbers.

The soldiers used their fists in at least two skirmishes to subdue the immigrants who struck out wildly at them.

The fighting itself lasted for perhaps five minutes and in less than quarter of an hour the hold was cleared.

Describing the earlier scenes, the correspondent wrote:- Disembarkation began just five minutes before the British troops were to start throwing them off by force. Right up to the 7 o'clock deadline, 1500 refugees on board the 'Ocean Vigour' sat silently in the hold. Right up to the moment when the first man started slowly climbing the stair leading to the deck the immigrants gave no positive indication of whether they would land or remain aboard the vessel.

After the first half dozen marched off, the sullen crowd of Jews in the hold broke their ranks and crowded forward to the bottom of the stairs to await turns to land.

REPORTER GETS A ROUGH TIME

HAMBURG, September 8. (Reuter): Jewish immigrants and British troops between them gave Reuter's correspondent Boyd France a rough time today when from a bunk in the hold of the 'Ocean Vigour' he reported the short but sharp "battle" which disrupted the peaceful landing of the exodus refugees at Hamburg.

The Jews mistook him for a German and demanded his death.

"Down with the Nazi torturer," one of the leaders shouted, shaking his fist. "Give him to us, don't let him sit there watching our shame."

Later British troops mistook him for an immigrant during the battle and he was twice seized by the hair and hustled roughly towards the stairway before he could establish his identity.

RADIO SPEAKERS COME TO BLOWS

HOLLYWOOD, (UPA): Speakers nearly came to blows on America's Town Meeting of the Air radio programme while discussing "Is there really a Communist Threat in Hollywood."

Moderator George Denny acted as referee while heated personal remarks were exchanged between State Senator Jack Tenny head of the California Un-American Activities Committee, and former assemblyman Albert Dekker and screen writer Emmet Lavery.

Lavery and Dekker had the negative of the question while Tenny and Mrs. Lela Rogers mother of Ginger Rogers, took the affirmative. She claimed that Lavery's newest screen plays were pro-Communist. Lavery denied it. Nine movie personalities invited to speak on the programme declined.

NEW LABOUR LEGISLATION FOR THE SUDAN

KHARTOUM, (Reuter).

New labour legislation for the Sudan is being drafted it was reported at a recent meeting of the Labour Board that a Workmans Compensation Act and an Act giving executive powers to the Board itself were already in draft.

In addition a Memorandum on Trade Unions, and Associations has been prepared and a draft ordinance drawn up.

The Board endorsed the proposal that a Factory Inspector should visit the Sudan next winter who would advise on the necessary factory legislation required.

'WORLD REPORT' ON INDIA SITUATION

WASHINGTON, U.P.A.):

The magazine "World Report" says to-day that if civil war develops in India "it may upset the two new governments and aggravate India's already critical food situation.

"Saying that the Sikhs are at the root of the trouble it asserts the Sikhs are powerful enough to keep India in turmoil. It adds, "Hindu India has a serious relief problem as a result of the flight of non-Moslems from Pakistan." and a "food crisis is approaching which can be intensified by the trouble in the Punjab.

"India as a whole expects to produce 5,000,000 tons less food this year than the population needs for its bare existence," it continues.

"The future of the dominions of India and Pakistan may be at stake in the Punjab. India needs the Punjab's surplus grain which cannot be harvested or marketed unless law and order are restored. Much depends on whether the Sikhs, in rebellion, demand a separate nation for themselves."

ANGLO-FRENCH TREATY RATIFIED

LONDON, Sept. 8 (Reuter).—The Anglo-French 50-years treaty of alliance, signed by the British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin and the French Foreign Minister M. Georges Bidault on March 4 at Dunkirk was ratified today at the Foreign Office in London.

The Treaty has as its main object an alliance against any revival of German aggression. It comes into force immediately.

U. S. Ex-Servicemen Demand General Recall

Italy Commander Accused Of Abuse Of Privileges

(By Pat Hefferman, Reuter's Staff Correspondent in New York)

An on-the-spot enquiry being conducted into the command of Lieutenant-General John C. H. Lee, commanding general of the 20,000 American troops in Italy, has already been anticipated by a demand on behalf of an ex-servicemen's organisation for his immediate recall.

The inquiry is being conducted by Major-General Ira Wyche chief inspector of the United States Army, at the instance of the Chief of Staff, General Eisenhower. Uneasiness has already been expressed in some congressional circles over the effect of the inquiry on President Truman's universal military training scheme.

The investigation follows charges contained in a series of articles from Italy by Mr. Robert Ruark, a columnist of the Scripps-Howard newspaper chain. Mr. Ruark alleged that General Lee, while living in luxurious conditions himself has mistreated enlisted men and has fostered a caste system detrimental to the peacetime system of voluntary recruitment.

He is said to have abused his privileges, and particular stress has been laid on the special train, sumptuously fitted, in which General Lee is said to have travelled extensively about his command, visiting many resorts.

The train, photographs of which have been prominently displayed along with the articles, contained a handsomely appointed lounge, a reading room and a bar. One of the larger suites with which it is fitted was used by the Duke and Duchess of Windsor when they were guests of General Lee recently.

The man who has demanded General Lee's immediate recall pending the inquiry is Mr. Ray Sawyer, national commander of an ex-servicemen's organisation known as Amvets. He asked that the General be brought back to the United States pending an impartial investigation "lest this become a case of army general whitewashing army general".

Mr. Sawyer has warned that unless there is a full and impartial investigation of the charge against General Lee his organisation will react and will withdraw its support of President Truman's universal military training programme.

One Scripps-Howard newspaper, the "New York World-Telegram" commented: "We don't want that to happen and neither does Mr. Sawyer. General Eisenhower will do well to heed the counsel of this sincere young veteran, who speaks for millions of his fellows. He speaks also as an American who wants a strong army."

Mr. Ruark's accusation is that in General Lee's command, "there is brutality and consistent degradation and humiliation of the men. There is a really frightful misuse of the privilege of rank. In at least one instance there has been a mass intimidation of the troops to force them to become members of a purely brass-hat organisation of which the dues are four dollars (£1) a year and which can shed no possible benefit on its slave members.

"I doubt if the German army was rougher on its personnel than General Lee's laddyoucks. Many of the men are ill-housed and badly fed. Many are employed as flunkeys servant etc.

"You can get court-martialled for blinking an eye in General Lee's kingdom. It is the sort of place where a guy gets the sweatbox for making a wrong turn and is full of delightful routine like cleaning a masskit with a needle or walking for hours squatting on the hams (legs) and making duck noises.

General Lee calls it the hospital.

The newspaper campaign against General Lee has encouraged letters from former officers and men who served under him during the war. One ex-officer has written an article detailing the acquisitic of a "magnificent Tudor mansion" at Little Compton in Warwickshire" at a monthly cost of American tax-payers of 370 dollars (about £92).

This estate, explained the officer, belongs to Major "Fruity" Metcalfe, "who was equerry to the Duke of Windsor when he was Prince of Wales."

General Lee has several times denied emphatically the whole of the charges levelled against him, and, according to reports from Italy asked Major-General Wyche to allow reporters to hear evidence in the investigation. This was refused.

General Wyche's report is expected to be made public after its presentation to the Chief of Staff in Washington.

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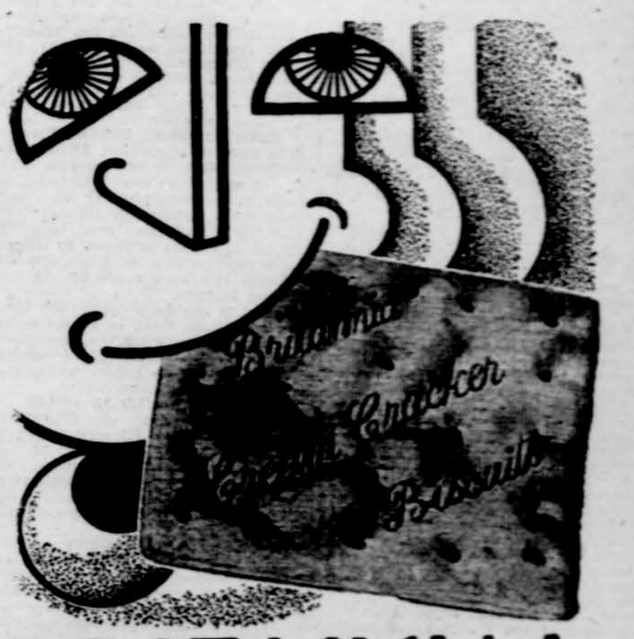

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INDIA WILL SHUN POWER POLITICS

Foreign Policy To Be Based On Complete Peace And Freedom

B. R. SEN'S ASSURANCE IN BROADCAST TO AMERICANS

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (Reuter): The Dominion of India's determination to pursue fully an independent policy based on complete peace and freedom everywhere on lines laid down by the United Nations Charter was expressed by the Charge d'Affaire at the Indian Embassy here, Mr. B. R. Sen, in a broadcast designed to answer questions which have arisen in the minds of Americans since the division of India.

Mr. Sen declared that India's policy would be to cultivate friendly, co-operative relations with all countries—notably the United States—but it would not align itself with any power-grouping.

Referring to the division of India, Mr. Sen said no partition plan could have satisfied all communities. It was the hope of many in India that division would be only temporary, that when the disadvantages of division had been realised by actual experience the two Dominions would freely decide to reunite and fulfil India's destiny.

"If I were asked how a political arrangement that splits the compact but comparatively warlike Sikh community of the Punjab, divides the Hindus of Bengal which emotionally and culturally is one of the most self-conscious communities in India, leaves the most intellectual and culturally advanced section of Moslems scattered in the United Provinces, is going to solve India's communal problem, then all I can say is the world to-day would not be in the mess it is if the conduct of affairs of nations was by reason rather than by emotion."

Mr. Sen said there were reasons to hope that as soon as the political relations between the two Dominions become more settled, states which are still undecided would join one or other dominion according to geographical situation.

Referring to the admittedly involved questions of India's international trade under partition, Mr. Sen said unless Pakistan were to remain a purely agricultural country as at present, it would need machinery for industrialisation. The Dominion of India also had large post-war development schemes which needed capital equipment from abroad.

In both cases substantial assistance could come only from the United States.

"Even the darkest clouds have sometimes a silver lining", said Mr. Sen. "The silver lining that one can see in the division of India is that India will now be free to frame a constitution according to her own ideas—ideas her Congress leaders always cherished and which are expected to remove the basic cause of bitterness and suspicions between Hindus and Moslems and help to build up a spirit of common citizenship throughout India."

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Alex C. Maclean

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GRIMETHORPE DISPUTE TO BE FIRST SETTLED

LONDON, Sept. 8 (Reuter): Although seven of the 54 pits involved in the South Yorkshire miners' strike were due to restart work to-day there was a general feeling throughout the coal-field last night that unless the Grimethorpe dispute was soon settled the stoppage might quickly extend.

Grimethorpe, where the dispute began on the men objecting to the increased task set for them, remains the key pit. Miners of other pits who have ceased work have done so in sympathy with the stand taken by the Grimethorpe men. And the Grimethorpe men have resisted the appeals of their Union officials and of the Minister of Fuel and Power and yesterday again refused to go back to work unless the new "stint" of coal clearance is rescinded.

After the men's decision not to resume, the question was asked as to what would be the next step. Neither the Fuel Minister, Mr. Shinwell nor the Miners' Union Secretary, Mr. Arthur Horner, would make any statement.

Mr. Will Lawther, President of the National Union of Mine Workers, said last night that "in view of the men's decision to continue the strike, a meeting of the Union's Executive planned for Thursday may be brought forward." He added that there would be a press conference at the Union's Headquarters later to-day.

INDUSTRIES PARALYSED

Meanwhile, the creeping paralysis affecting Yorkshire industry is spreading and becoming more acute. About 50 smelting furnaces in Sheffield's steel works have closed through the strike, it is estimated. Glass bottle works have closed down over the week-end in two towns in the area and another has given notice to close down within the next three days. The decision to cut gas supply in the area by 45 per cent affects some 3,000 industrial consumers.

DEO CONTRADICTS KRIPALANI'S RESIGNATION STORY

CALCUTTA, Sept. 8 (A.P.I.): The General Secretary of the Congress Mr. Shanker Rao Deo has issued the following statement:—

"My attention has been drawn to a report in the Press about resignation of the Congress President. I am sorry that the Press should have thought it proper to publish this report without verification.

The President's resignation, if and when it comes cannot be kept a secret from Congressmen or the public. It is a common practice with the Congress President and the General Secretary to seek Mahatma Gandhi's advice and guidance on various important matters whenever they have an opportunity to meet him.

"I would therefore request the Press not to indulge in any speculation about such meetings. But if the Press fails in its duty Congressmen and the public must ignore any such unauthorised statement."

SOVIET WANTS TO JOIN WORLD EGYPTOLOGIST BODY

COPENHAGEN. (Reuter).

The Russian Embassy in Copenhagen has informed the world Congress of Egyptologists meeting here that Russia would like to have a representative on the new International Association of Egyptologists.

The Congress decided to approach a well-known Russian expert, Professor Struwe.

BIG VITAMIN 'D' DOSES UNSAFE

NEW YORK, (Reuter).

Serious after-effects may result when infants are fed a single large dose of 600,000 units of Vitamin D to prevent rickets. Dr. Agnes Fay Morgan, nutrition expert told a medical conference here.

Even much smaller doses, 5,000 units per pound of body weight might if given daily for eight to ten months also produce severe damage.

Repeated small doses of Vitamin D, often used to treat arthritis in adults, had also proved harmful, Dr Morgan added.

47 Hyderabad Satyagrahis Arrested

Newspapers Not Allowed To Prisoners

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Sept. 7 (API): Forty-seven persons were arrested for hoisting flags or offering Satyagraha in various parts of the State, a Hyderabad State Congress bulletin revealed today.

Approximately nineteen thousand toddy trees were cut down by the people in different districts and talugs, in defiance of the Excise law, the bulletin added.

The bulletin said that 32 "satyagrahis" were on hunger-strike in Gangapur Jail, in district Surangabad.

Swami Ramananda Tirtha and other Congressmen, who are on hunger-strike in Hyderabad Central Jail, are not allowed to get newspapers published in the Indian Dominion".

NIZAM'S GOVT. WARNS STUDENTS

Don't Participate In Any Demonstration

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Sept. 7 (API): An objectionable leaflet purporting to have been issued by the All Hyderabad Students Union has been brought to the notice of the Government in which among other things baseless charges of repression have been made against the police and the students have been called upon to observe September 8th as Anti-Repression Day by going on strike and taking out processions", says a Press Note issued by the Nizam's Government.

The note adds: "The charges made in the leaflet stand self-condemned in view of the considerate treatment meted out to the students on September 2 when they in contravention of the orders in force staged demonstrations by taking out processions in certain areas of the city. The attitude of the Government towards the students, irrespective of the community to which they belong, has always been liberal but they wish to make it clear that they cannot tolerate repetition of such demonstrations as, in view of the present situation, it is very likely to lead to breaches of the peace.

It is hoped that wise counsel will prevail among the students and they will realise their responsibilities both as students and citizens and keep themselves away from these organisations who were exploiting them for their own purpose".

Join Struggle Against Autocracy

Karnataka Congress President's Appeal To Mysoreans

HUBLI Sept 7. (A.P.I.): Appealing to all the Mysoreans to join in the glorious struggle against an autocratic and irresponsible rule, and continue it till their object is achieved. Mr. S. Nijalingappa, President of the Karnataka Provincial Congress Committee and third dictator of the Mysore Congress in a press statement today says:—

"I am on my way to Mysore. I just learnt from press reports that Mysore Government has arrested a large number of Congress leaders from all over the State including its President Mr. Changalroya Reddi. If by this they think that they will be able to repress the movement they are singularly mistaken. People of Mysore know their responsibility and the struggle started by Mysore Congress is their own.

"Every son and daughter of Mysore will rise up and offer satyagraha and carry on the struggle against an autocratic and irresponsible rule. Fight must continue till one object is achieved. I am also sure that the communique issued by Mysore Government to support their repressive acts, will utterly fail to convince Mysore public.

"I offer my heartfelt condolences to the deceased and my sympathy to those who were injured in the unjustified attacks by the police against innocent collections of people. Our demand is just and our means of attaining it are non-violent. We will fight to the end. A satyagrahi knows no defeat. I appeal to all Mysoreans to join in the glorious struggle.

THREE HUNDRED REFUGEES ARRIVE IN HYDERABAD

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Sept 7 (API): Three hundred refugees have arrived in Hyderabad from Alwar State and the East Punjab. Most of them being Muslims.

The Majlis-e-Ittehadul-Musleman, the principal Muslim Organisation in the State is arranging for providing shelter and relief to the refugees in camps and securing them employment in local industrial and commercial concerns.

REPRESSION IN STATES CONDEMNED

MADRAS, Sept. 8, (API): Resolutions condemning the "repressive policy' adopted in the states of Mysore and Hyderabad to put down the agitation for the establishment of responsible Government and expressing support to the people, were passed at a public meeting here yesterday under the auspices of the Civil Liberties Union.

Dr. V. K. John, M.L.C., presiding called on the Indian States to come in line with the other units of the Union.

The meeting condemned the communal disturbances and atrocities perpetrated in the Punjab and called upon the Government to take immediate measures to save the situation. It also condemned the arrests of Trade Union and other workers in Pondicherry when negotiations were going on between the Indian Dominion and the French Government.

NEHRU CHALLENGES MOB IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, Sept. 8 (UPI): Snatching a sword from a miscreant who was attacking a person Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru challenged a mob engaged in looting and asked them to quit the place and stop looting.

While he was touring the affected areas yesterday morning along with Sardar Baldev Singh, Defence Minister, in Cannought Place, he got down from his car and ran out to rescue a victim. Snatching the sword of the miscreant Pandit Nehru asked why he was killing that person. The 'goonda' obviously did not expect the hand of India's Prime Minister on his sword and perplexed and frightened he along with his accomplices, took to heels. The victim was escorted to a safer place.

On his way Pandit Nehru also came across certain 'hooligans' looting a shop. Rushing to the spot he caught hold of some and admonished them.

Pandit Nehru's presence in the disturbed locality helped immensely in bringing the situation under control before it could deteriorate further.

The situation in New Delhi is completely under control and there was no recrudescence of trouble since yesterday noon.

REPORTED DISORDERS IN AMMAN

Transjordan Consul Denies "Tass" Story

JERUSALEM, Sept. 7 (Reuter): A Russian report of disorders in Amman, capital of the Arab Kingdom of Transjordan, was denied tonight by the Transjordan Consul here who described the report as "complete nonsense".

An official British source in Amman said: "There is no truth in the story. The King is still in his place at Amman".

The report was issued by "Tass", the Soviet News Agency quoting reports in Beirut (Lebanon).

These reports said that troops dispersed and arrested demonstrators in the capital and that demonstrators had cut telephone wires and destroyed several bridges.

King Abdulla and his family had left the capital, the despatch added, after the King had announced that he would carry out his 'Greater Syria Plan', which aimed at federating Transjordan, Iraq, Syria and a part of Palestine.

AUSTRALIAN COAL SCIENTIST TO DISCUSS ATOM WITH EINSTEIN

SYDNEY, (Reuter).

Dr. John Dulhunty, Australian scientist visiting Britain, Europe and America to seek and share information about coal research, is to have talks on Atomic Energy with Professor Albert Einstein.

Dr. Dulhunty who worked on shale oil development during the war and is now doing research on coal will tell overseas experts of a new technique for studying coal developed by Sydney University laboratories.

He believes his news will be regarded as one of the most important contributions to modern coal research.

S. A. Muslims To Send Good-Will Mission To India

PRETORIA, Sept. 7 (Reuter): At a meeting of Transvaal Muslims held here to-night it was decided to send a goodwill mission to Pakistan and the Indian Union.

The goodwill mission will explain the position of Indians in South Africa, with particular reference to Muslims, and seek advice on the future conduct of Indian public affairs in South Africa.

A committee to finalise the arrangements was also appointed.

RICE RATION TO BE REDUCED IN HYDERABAD

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Sept. 7 (A. P. I.): Outlining the present food situation in Hyderabad, a Press Note issued to-day by the Nizam's Government says that it has been frequently brought to the notice of the public that owing to the failure of crops, shortage of foodgrains is inevitable throughout the State and this shortage could be met by imports of foodgrains from outside the State, specially rice and wheat, for which Hyderabad entirely depended on the outside supply to meet its requirements.

During the current month, the Press Note adds, a general shortage of rice is apprehended and until imports arrive in India from overseas there are no prospects that this scarcity is going to be reduced. In view of this it has been decided that individual quota of rice should be reduced by one chhatak and wheat quota increased to one chhatak per day per head.

RECORD FARM INCOMES IN U. S.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4, (UPA): The U. S. Agricultural Department said today that if farm receipts continue at the present levels for the next four months farm incomes will top last year's record-breaking dollars 18,889,000,000 by a substantial margin.

It declared that the total cash receipts for the first eight months were down 17,400,000,000 representing a 24 per cent increase in farm products prices since January.

Officials declined to predict how much the average farm operator would take this year, but said that it probably would be substantially above that of 1946, when the average net farm income was 2,541 dollars.

The average city wage-earner including both industrial and white-collar workers made 2,238 dollars last year.

RETURN OF BAO DAI TO INDO-CHINA

HONG KONG, Sept. 8, (Reuter): The question of whether Annam's ex-Emperor, Bao Dai, who has resided here since his abdication two years ago, will return to Indo-China will be resolved by Wednesday night when M. Emile Bollaert, French High Commissioner in Indo-China, makes known in Haiphong the French peace offer.

Bao Dai's decision is expected in an official announcement which he is issuing simultaneously with M. Bollaert's broadcast, following talks which open tomorrow between Bao Dai and French and Viet Nam delegates who are here to persuade the ex-Emperor to return to Indo-China.

ROUND-THE-WORLD POLAR FLIGHT IN NOVEMBER

CHICAGO, (UPA): Round-the-world record flier William Odom today announced that he would leave sometime in November on his around the world flight over both poles.

The proposed route follows Chicago, the North Pole, Tokyo, New Zealand, the South Pole, either Chile or Argentina, and thence a return to Chicago.

The flight will require three or four days, he added, possibly a week if he is forced to halt for repairs and he would carry between eight and ten passengers in the four-engined B-32 Consolidated bomber now undergoing conversion at Oklahoma City.

The plane fuel tanks will carry 10,000 gallon of gasoline. It might be necessary, he said to fly on an altitude at 40,000 feet during the 7,000-mile non-stop flight over the Antarctic. Mountain ranges of 20,000 feet altitude are known to exist in the Antarctic.

He said that it would rely on radar to warn of uncharted mountains at a distance 150 miles. The U. S. Army is co-operating by lending much special equipment for scientific observation including special cameras, he concluded.

POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS

The following is the statement of the position scheduled banks as at the close of business on the 29th August.

	Rs.
1. DEMAND LIABILITIES:	
(a) In India	627,06,64,000
(b) In Pakistan	64,86,65,000
2. TIME LIABILITIES:	
(a) In India	305,92,85,000
(b) In Pakistan	39,04,11,000
3. CASH:	
(i) Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	
(a) In India	32,62,39,000
(b) In Pakistan	4,79,56,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	
(a) In India	2,35,33,000
(b) In Pakistan	44,82,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	
(a) In India	55,81,000
(b) In Pakistan	7,47,000
4. Balances with Reserve Bank:	121,15,61,000
5. ADVANCES:	
(a) In India	357,51,28,000
(b) In Pawistan	43,36,41,000
6. BILLS DISCOUNTED:	
(a) In India	15,16,80,000
(b) In Pakistan	1,2527,000

NOTE: Figures are provisional since complete returns not received from some banks.

Request To U. S. For Military Mission

LAKE SUCCESS, Sept. 4 (UPA):—The Egyptian request to the United States to send military missions to that country to aid in modernizing and mechanizing her army and air forces generally is considered as being little more than a formal presentation of the Egyptian plans which have been known for many months.

The United States delegation here said it did not see how it could be called an appeal for extending the Truman doctrine to Egypt and that as far as could be seen here the matter would be handled directly by Washington.

A United States spokesman said, "We do not think it will interfere with the Council debate and we do not see how it could be called an extension on the Truman doctrine. We think the discussions on it will be confined to Washington.

The British delegation had no comment to make. British experts working on the Anglo-Egyptian case said, "We still have before us an effort to get some sort of solution of the case before the Security Council and we are putting all our efforts in that direction. Naturally, the British would be interested in any direct negotiations between the United States and Egypt but our immediate interest is in the case before the Council."

Premier Nokrashy Pasha's request generally is considered as an effort toward winning United States support of her claims.

Diplomats here watched carefully for the first indication of reaction from the Soviet delegation due to the fact that Russia—and Poland—had been the only nations to come out flatly for support of the Egyptian demands for the immediate evacuation of British troops from the Nile Valley. However, in view of the fact that Russia's Gromyko is on vacation while the Council is taking a recess it is not expected that there will be any Soviet reaction before the Council resumes the debate. Considerable interest here is attached to whether Gromyko will abandon his support of the Egyptian demands when the Council resumes the battle. So far he has abstained from voting on the Brazilian and Colombian resolutions that had resumption of direct negotiations as the basis of setting the Anglo-Egyptian dispute. Whether he will continue to abstain or vote for or against the Chinese resolution to the same general effect which comes up on Tuesday, is the question diplomats are seeking to answer.

POLICE KILL "PUBLIC ENEMY" AFTER DOUBLE MURDER

CAIRO, (Reuter).

Police overtook and shot dead one of Egypt's principal "public enemies", known as "El Khott", shortly after he had murdered two farmers with a tommy gun.

The bandit operated with his gang in Assiut province where, in the remoter districts, police equipped with antiquated fire-arms are admitted by the Egyptian authorities to be too few in number.

"El Khott" kidnapped a youth and demanded £200 ransom money from his two brothers. They pleaded that the sum was too large to pay at once and offered monthly instalments.

The bandit turned the offer down, and without waiting for further reply went to their farm. When they returned from the fields he opened fire with a tommy-gun and killed them both.

The mayor of a near-by village heard the shots and hastily collected a band of policemen. The posse came up with El Khott as he was on the point of leaving, and killed him after a running fight.

ANNUAL SESSION OF MAHASABHA

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 8, (API): The Working Committee of the Gujarat Provincial Hindu Mahasabha which met here yesterday has made a request to the Working Committee of the All India Hindu Mahasabha to hold its annual session elsewhere in December or in Ahmedabad in March as it was not possible to hold the session in Ahmedabad in December on account of the prevailing atmosphere in Ahmedabad.

British Mounted Police Prompt Measure Tells

Avert Expected Clash Between Communists And Ex-Servicemen

LONDON, Sept. 7 (Reuter): Mounted police were out in the east end of London tonight to break up clashes between Communists and the British League of Ex-Servicemen—which is said to include former members of the Sir Oswald Mosley's British Union of Fascists.

On horseback, in squad cars, lorries and on foot, police converged on Ridley Road in Hackney, scene of regular London Sunday night meetings of the League, which have resulted for the past month in stone-throwing, fireworks, knuckled step fighting and subsequent arrests and injuries.

Although many supporters of the League were present when police ordered the meeting to close down, most of the unwieldy crowd had been attracted by reports of previous meetings.

Tonight the police took no chances. Immediately the meeting started, the speaker's platform was cordoned off, and police mingled with the crowd.

The crowd afterwards moved along to a nearby Communist meeting, but police broke it up too a few minutes later after there had been cries "We Want Mosley" and counter cheers of "Down With Fascism". Mounted police rode into the densely packed crowds.

Spasmodic fist fights broke out and at least six persons were arrested.

Eighth Centum Of Soviet Capital

MOSCOW, Sept. 7, (Reuter): Moscow today must have been the world's brightest, merriest capital as millions celebrated the city's eight hundredth anniversary in the biggest and costliest celebrations since the end of the war.

Merry-making began last night, when hundreds of thousands of couples danced in 'K' squares and parks until the chill approach of dawn sent them to restaurants for breakfast, before carrying on with the programme which will not end until to-morrow.

Special trains, ships and planes brought visiting delegations from the most distant republics of the Soviet Union, all with their gifts.

MOST SINGAPORE CITIZENS ARE IMMIGRANTS

SINGAPORE, (Reuter).

Three-fifths of Singapore's population are immigrants, while on the average there are two adult males to one adult female, according to a statement by Mr. T. P. F. McNiece, Singapore's Social Welfare Chief, at the International Social Welfare Conference here.

Mr. McNiece said that the tendency among immigrants to arrive here unmarried or without bringing their families had given rise to the unbalanced sex ration. Arising from this, Singapore's working-age population was much higher than one would normally expect to find.

"Three-quarters of the population are Chinese, by far the largest racial group. Malaysians (Malays and Indonesians) and Indian come next, each group contributing roughly 10 per cent of the total population of about 900,000", he added.

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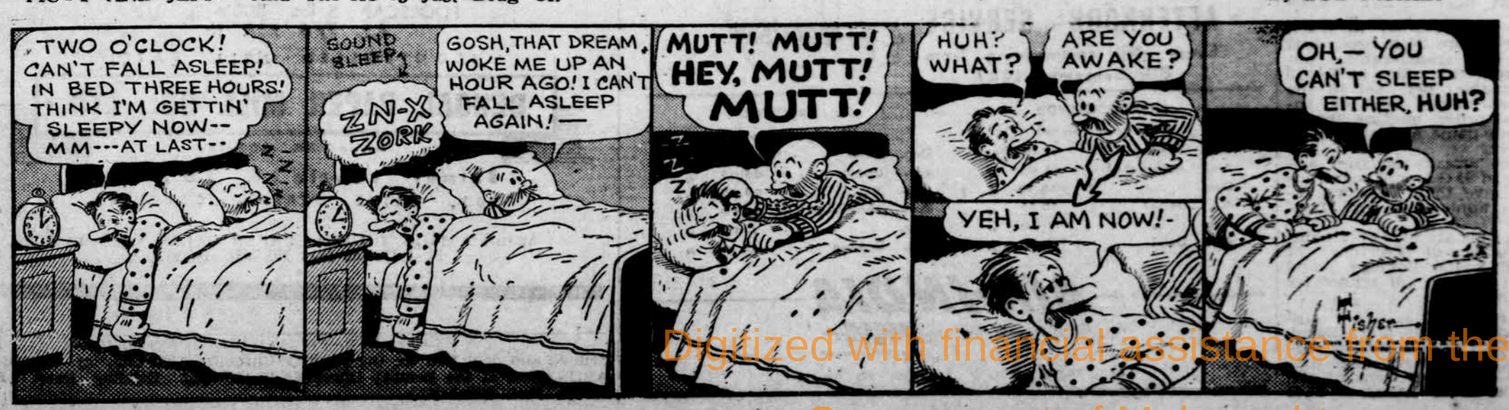
U23

MUTT AND JEFF— And The Ho :s Just Drag On — By BUD FISHER


TWO O'CLOCK! CAN'T FALL ASLEEP! IN BED THREE HOURS! THINK I'M GETTIN' SLEEPY NOW-- MM---AT LAST--
SOUND SLEEP
ZN-X ZORK
GOSH, THAT DREAM WOKE ME UP AN HOUR AGO! I CAN'T FALL ASLEEP AGAIN!—
MUTT! MUTT! HEY, MUTT! MUTT!
HUH? WHAT?
ARE YOU AWAKE?
YEH, I AM NOW!-
OH,— YOU CAN'T SLEEP EITHER, HUH?
Fisher

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Wanted a manufacturing chemist and a basteriologist for a proposed large scale Pharmaceutical works in Bihar. Apply immediately with qualifications, experience and terms to Mr. G. S. P. Singh, Chainpur Kothi, Kadamkuan, Patna. (6925)

Opening for service for Christian Indians with Gandhian approach at the Friends' Rural Centre, Rasulia, Hoshangabad, C.P., experienced man in Co-operative and Village uplift work and woman with nursing, experience desired: Apply Wardens, stating minimum allowance required. (6935)

PERSONAL ADLETS

Rejoice School Children—Slates in large quantity available at cheap prices. M/s. Oriental Traders, 201, Chohal Bldg., opp. Post Office, Ghod Bunder Road, Andheri, B. B. & C. I./or 11, Zakeria Masjid, Bombay 3—Sole Agents of Bagalkot Slate and Tile Works, Bagalkot, Dist. Bijapur. (6928)

BOOKS & MAGAZINE

Competitive Examinations—thoroughly revised and greatly enlarged edition (1947) of "A Manual of General Knowledge and Office Compendium" by Tripurari Saran of U.P. Secretariat is available. It contains innumerable subjects on general knowledge including general English, precis and drafting and questions and answers of past examinations. Pages 950. Price Rs. 10. T. S. Srivastava, 71, Molviganj, Lucknow. 6806

Wanted: Students, Scholars, Agents for "Student India." Nation's brightest illustrated monthly, unrivalled medium for advertisers. Remit annual subscription Rs. 3/-: Student India, 594, Nanapeth, Poona. (6939)

MEDICAL ADLETS

Chitrakot-Asthma-Specific, A most powerful and highly effective remedy which cures dreadful Asthma permanently by one dose to be taken on 30-9-47 full moon. Apply Chitrakot, Shubh Chintak Karyalaya, Post Box No. 17, Jubbulpore. (6934)

Asthma-Buti, a very powerful and world renowned remedy which cures Asthma completely by one dose to be taken on 30-9-47 full moon. Apply at once in English:—Shree Mahatma Maunibaba, Ayurvedic Ashram, Chitrakot, Dist. Banda, U. P. (6931)

Chitrakot Asthma Cure—Widely renowned and a most Powerful highly effective remedy for curing Asthma by one dose to be taken on 30-9-47 full moon-day. Apply at once in English. Shri Mahatma Jogi Baba, Ayurvedic Buti Prachar Ashram, P.O. Chitrakot, U.P. (6932)

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Emergency Loans upto Rs. 100/- given locally. Write for details to Department E. Citizen Credit Syndicate Limited, Andheri. (6871)

BUSINESS WANTED

We are interested in the purchase of Cellophane Paper. Suppliers are requested to send their rates, samples and other particulars,regarding ready stocks and quality to Modi Soap Works, Modinagar, U.P. (5147)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents, Stockists for Pure Stainless Steel Wares and Utensils such as Teaspoons, "Thali", "Vatki", etc. Apply Captain Ltd., Post Box No. 580, Bombay. (6912)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLET

Diamond, Emerald Jewellery purchased at better price. Before selling please write 'Phone 34276 or see 10 to 12 and 3 to 6. Sunday closed. Chunilal Company, 17, Dhanjee Street, opposite lane to Mumbadevi Fountain. Bombay 3. 6790

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Available ex-Stock American Electric Gramophones from Rs. 180/-. Fluorescent tubes and reflectors, Electric lamps all standard voltages and types from 15 watt to 1000 watts, C.T.S. cables all sizes, good discounts for quantities. Apply Box No. 3985, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

SHORT SERVICE COMMISSIONS

THE MOFUSSIL CANDILATES between the ages of 17½ and 21, physically fit, passed Matriculation and keen in taking flying as a career, can call on GDRO (Pilot), Bombay, at Empress Hotel, Khandala on 11th & 12th September, 1947, Hamilton Hotel, Lonavla 13th & 14th—Recruiting Office. Poona 15th to 18th, Dak Bungalow Dhond 20th & 21st—Parsee Rest House, Ahmednagar, 23rd & 24th. Certificates should be brought in original—Time of interview between 10-00 hrs. and 12-00 hrs. (5140)

PUBLIC NOTICES

Office of the REGIONAL COMMISSIONER DISPOSALS,
Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road,
Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

AUCTION PROGRAMME FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER, 1947.

S. No.	Date of auction & time.	Place of auction.	Stores to be Disposed of.	Auctioneers.
1.	11-9-47. (10 a.m. to 5 p.m.	Tank Bunder Transit Depot, Sewri Police Station, Sewri, BOMBAY.	Steel wire ropes.	M/s. Bennett & Co. (120, Apollo St., Fort BOMBAY.)
2.	12-9-47. (10 a.m. to 5 p.m	3 & 4 Sea Transport Godown, Wadala, Sewri.	-do-	-do-
3	13-9-47. (2-30 p.m to 5 p.m.)	Mercantile Chambers, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.	Typewriters.	M/s. Gandhi & Co., 72, Meadows St., Fort, BOMBAY.
4.	15/16-9-47. (10 a.m. to 5 p.m.)	Port Salvage Depot, Sewri, BOMBAY.	Salvage, Veh. & M.T. Parts.	-do-
5.	16/17-9-47. (10 a.m. to 5 p.m.)	M. T. Salvage Depot, DEHU.	Veh. & M.T. Part	M/s. Craven & Son, 1-A, Arsenal Road, POONA.
6.	17-9-47. (10 a.m. to 5 p.m.)	D.G.I. & S. Depot, Reay Road, Bombay.	Misc. Surplus Stores.	Crawford & Co 122, Apollo St., Fort, Bombay.
7.	19-9-47. (10 a.m. to 5 p.m.)	Ordnance Depot, Kirkee.	-do-	M/s. Jaffer Jussuff, Haroon Mansion, East St., POONA.
8.	19/20-9-47. (10 a.m. to 5 p.m)	R.I.N. Depot, Mankhurd.	-do-	M/s. Crawford & Co.,
9.	20-9-47. (10 a.m. to 5 p.m.)	Main Supply Depot, POONA.	Gunny Bags.	M/s. Craven & Sons.,
10.	22-9-47. (10 a.m. to 1 p.m.)	Govt. Timber Depot, SEWRI.	Timber Stor-age Sheds.	Gandhi & Co.,
11.	22-9-47 (2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Govt. Timber Depot, Reay Road, Bombay.	U/s.	-do- -do-
12.	22/23/24-9-47. (10 a.m. to 5 p.m.)	Command Salvage Depot, GHORPURI.	Misc. Salvage Stores.	M/s. Jaffer Jusuff.
13.	23-9-47. (10 a.m. to 5 p.m.)	C.K.S. Central Depot, SEWRI.	U/s. Photographic material.	M/s. Gandhi & Co.
14.	24/25-9-47. (10 a.m. to 5 p.m.)	Central Medical Stores Depot (Inside Ordnance Depot) SEWRI.	Medical Stores.	M/s. Crawford & Co.
15.	25-9-47. (10 a.m. to 5 p.m.)	Military Farm, KIRKEE.	Dairy Requisits.	M/s. Craven & Son.
16.	30-9-47 (10 a.m. to 5 p.m.)	E.S.D. Kurla.	Mis. Surplus Stores.	M/s. Bennett & Co.
17	30-9-47. (10 a.m to 5 p.m.)	Military Farm, Deolali.	Dairy Stores.	M/s. Craven & Son.
18	30-9-47 to 3-10-47. (10 a.m. to 5 p.m.)	B. Vehicle Park, Dehu Road,	Serviceable Vehicles.	M/s. Jaffer Jussuff.

Full particulars of the Auctions can be obtained from the Auctioneers concerned. 5139

OUDH TIRHUT RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

Engineering Department, Gorakhpur Division

1. SEALED TENDERS are invited for the construction of the following buildings and will be received by the undersigned upto 14-30 hours on the 20th September, 1947.

At Gorakhpur	Cost of labour Rs.	Cost of labour & materials Rs.
'A' Construction of 8 units bungalow with 4 Nos. 5' dia. wells, wire fencing, gate and culvert as per C.E.'s type plan No. F/VIII (iii) & 2232/VIII (iii)	39,000/-	1,17,295/-
'B' Construction of a lost property Godown as per C.E.'s type plan No. 2041 (i, ii & iii)/ VIII (i)	13,400/-	40,562/-
'C' Construction of extension to the Traffic Manager's Office at Gorakhpur	12,000/-	33,787/-

2. The contractors may submit two alternate tenders:—
(i) for the labour for construction of the buildings excluding the cost of the materials which will be supplied by the Railway.
(ii) for the construction of the buildings including both the labour and the supply of all the materials complete.
3. Any contractor who is unable to supply steel or cement may also mention this in his tender They will then be arranged by this Administration.
4. Tender documents can be had from the office of the Resident Engineer, Gorakhpur, between 10 A.M. and 4-30 P.M. except on Sundays and holidays on payment of Rs. 5/- per copy. The cost of tender documents will not be refunded in any circumstances.
5. Tenderers not in possession of the 'Book of Instruction for the guidance of contractors, etc.' which will form part of the contract documents should deposit a further sum of Rs. 2/- and a book of Standard Schedule of rates can also be had on payment of Rs. 2/8/- per copy.
6. The rates should be quoted in figures and words as "Schedule Rates" or as percentage above or below the scheduled rates.
7. No tender will be considered without deposit of earnest money which should be deposited with the F. A. & Chief Accounts Officer, O. T. Railway, Gorakhpur, either in cash or approved bond as detailed below and the receipt number quoted in the tender.

1. Upto 10,000/- of the total value of the tender		200/-
2. Upto 50,000/-	—do—	500/-
3. Upto over 50,000/-	—do—	1000/-

The tenderers may submit tender for all items or in parts.

RESIDENT ENGINEER,
O. T. Railway,
Gorakhpur.

(5141)

NOTICE

Schedule B (Hd. Qr.)—Form No. 47 SECRETARY, Joint Public Service Commission for Bihar, the Central Provinces and Berar, and Orissa, P.O. Hinoo, Ranchi invites applications from women candidates on or before the 2nd October, 1947, on the prescribed form, which along with full particulars can be obtained from him, for the temporary post of a Lecturer in English for the Government College for Women, Patna, in the provisional scale of Rs 170-13-300-E. B.-13-430, a month plus the cost of living allowance as may be admissible under orders of the Government of Bihar from time to time. Candidates must hold a first or second class M.A. degree in English. 5145

G. I. P. RAILWAY
AUCTION SALE NOTICE

SERVICEABLE EMPTY GUNNY BAGS, Jaggery gunny pieces, Empty cases (wooden) and empty tins will be auctioned at 9 hours on 14-9-47 at Nasik Railway Godown Stocks may be inspected at site Conditions governing auction sale will be available at the office of the Asst. Controller Grainshops G.I.P. Railway, Bhusawal. (5112)

TENDER NOTICE

THE DY. DIRECTOR-GENERAL of Supplies, New Delhi, invites Tender for the supply of

	Tons
Indian Teak logs	2,000
Burma Teak Squares—(Indian 1st Class)	2,000
Burma Teak Squares—(Indian IInd Class)	2,000
Burma Teak logs	2,000

(Tender No. ST-3/63) to reach him on or before 26th Sept. 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from this office at Rs. 10 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, money order, or Indian Postal order, quoting tender No. and full name and address of the remitter.

Firms not already on the approved list of D.G.I. & S. contractors must give their Banker's reference on application for Tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of Directors of Supplies, Calcutta, Bombay and Madras on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tender forms will not be supplied to firms already black listed.

Successful tenderers will be required to give a security deposit to the extent of 10 per cent of the value of the order placed. 5142

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE WESTERN INDIA FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION

THE MANAGING COMMITTEE of the Western India Football Association deplores the unfortunate accident which occurred during the course of the Match between Mohan Bagan and South Staffords Regiment on the evening of Sunday, the 7th September, 1947 and expresses its heartfelt sympathy with those who were injured and their families.

Due to the unruly and callous behaviour of a large section of the crowd, which demonstrated and interfered with the efforts of the members of the Association to give speedy and effective assistance to those who were the victims of the accident, the Committee of the W.I.F.A. after full discussion and deep consideration feel constrained very reluctantly, to terminate the Football Season at the Cooperage with immediate effect.

The Committee further takes the opportunity to thank all those members of the Association and of the Public, including ladies, the Police, Salvage Corps and the Red Cross, who rendered such prompt assistance to the injured. (5146)

WANTED STENOGRAPHERS

APPLICATIONS are invited for posts of Stenographers. Qualifications required.

(1) Should have passed the Matriculation Examination of a recognised University.
(2) Possess a speed of 120 words per minute in Shorthand and 40 words per minute in typewriting.
(3) Preferably 5 years' previous experience as a Stenographer.

Pay Rs. 125/- P.M. fixed plus the usual dearness and interim relief allowances.

Terms of employment: Temporary for the present and liable to terminate by a month's notice on either side.

Candidates will be selected after interview and test in shorthand and typewriting.

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"The C.R.E., Colaba—Bombay No. 5." (5143)

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PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a petition under Section 15 of the Indian Patents and Designs, Act, 1911, for an extension of the term of Patent No. 19070 for "IMPROVEMENTS IN THE PROCESS OF TREATING LEATHER FOR MAKING CUP LEATHERS OR BUCKETS FOR PUMPS, HYDRAULIC CYLINDERS OR THE LIKE AND THE PRODUCTS SO PRODUCED" has been left at the Patent Office, on behalf of THE TATA IRON & STEEL CO., LTD., the petition may be inspected at the Patent Office, 214, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta. Any person desirous of opposing the grant of extension of the term of this Patent should on or before the 31st October, 1947, lodge with the Controller of Patents and Designs, at the above address a notice on Form 6 of the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1933, and should at the same time serve a copy of such notice upon the petitioners C/o

L. S. DAVAR & CO.,
Patent & Trademark Attorneys,
Norton Buildings, Calcutta. (5144)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all Creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the Estate of Late Bapuji Burjorji Lam of Deolali and Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, who died on the 25th day of March, 1946, whose Will was proved in the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, and the Probate thereof was granted to Mrs. Jerbai Behram Dubash, Mr. Behram Kaikhushroo Dubash, Mrs. Roshan Cawasji Bhedvar and Mr. Homi Rustomji Wadia, the Executors therein named, are hereby required to send particulars in writing of their claims or demands to the undersigned Solicitors for the Executors within 15 days from the date of publication hereof at the undermentioned address after which date the Executors will proceed to deal with and distribute the assets of the deceased in terms of the Will having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice and the said Executors will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased or any part thereof so distributed or dealt with to any person or persons whose claims or demands they shall not then have had notice.

Dated this 6th day of September, 1947.

MAZAGONWALLA & CO.,
Solicitors for the Executors,
Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay. 5129

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